

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2014



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#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **NATURE OF BUSINESS**

Overberg Municipality is a district municipality performing the functions as set out in the Constitution, 1996. (Act no 108 of 1996)

### COUNTRY OF ORIGIN AND LEGAL FORM

South African Category C Municipality (District Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act, 1998. (Act no 117 of 1998)

#### JURISDICTION

The Overberg Municipality includes the following areas:

Cape Agulhas Overstrand Swellendam Theewaterskloof

#### MUNICIPAL MANAGER

D P BËRETTI

#### **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

J C P TESSELAAR

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

26 Long Street, Bredasdorp, 7280

#### **AUDITORS**

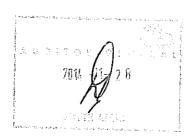
Auditor General South Africa (AGSA)

#### PRINCIPLE BANKERS

Absa Bank

#### RELEVANT LEGISLATION

Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003. (Act no 56 of 2003) Division of Revenue Act The Income Tax Act Value Added Tax Act Municipal Structures Act, 1998. (Act no 117 of 1998) Municipal Systems Act, 2000. (Act no 32 of 2000) Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations Water Services Act, 1997. (Act no 108 of 1997) Housing Act, 1997. (Act no 107 of 1997) Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004. (Act no 6 of 2004) Electricity Act, 1987. (Act no 41 of 1987) Skills Development Levies Act, 1999. (Act no 9 of 1999) Employment Equity Act, 1998. (Act no 55 of 1998) Unemployment Insurance Act, 1966. (Act no 30 of 1966) Basic Conditions of Employment Act, 1997. (Act no 75 of 1997) Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2005 Collective Agreements Infrastructure Grants SALGBC Leave Regulations



# MEMBERS OF THE OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

#### COUNCILLORS

CD November Theewaterskloof NM Sapepa Overstrand PN Atyhosi Cape Agulhas PJ May Overstrand UT Sipunzi Theewaterskloof DP Coetzee Overstrand IM Sileku Theewaterskloof JG Nieuwoudt Cape Agulhas K.J Tiemie Theewaterskloof ML Hector Theewaterskloof A Coetsee Overstrand J Du Toit Loubser Swellendam A J Appel Proportional S Tebele Proportional J Gelderblom Proportional L De Bruvn Proportional A Franken Proportional D Oosthuizen Proportional D Du Toit Proportional J Kriel Proportional DC Ruiters Proportional



### APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014, which are set out on pages 1 to 78 in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality. The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GRAP.

I acknowledge that I am ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control and that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records can be relied upon.

I have reviewed the Municipality's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2015 and am satisfied that the Municipality can continue its operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the Municipality's financial statements.

I certify that the remuneration of Councillors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

*DP BEKETTI* Municipal Manager 26 8 2014 Date

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2014

NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	Notes	2014 (Actual) R	2013 (Restated) R
Net Assets		(23 691 881)	(21 216 602)
Accumulated Deficit		(23 691 881)	(21 216 602)
Non-Current Liabilities		63 972 471	60 322 253
Long-term Liabilities Employee benefits Non-Current Provisions	2 3 4	1 478 990 54 654 766 7 838 715	1 876 157 51 235 312 7 210 784
Current Liabilities		19 843 703	20 417 087
Consumer Deposits Current Employee benefits Payables from exchange transactions Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	5 6 7 8 2	11 820 8 005 540 2 270 014 8 773 564 782 765	17 590 7 335 489 1 227 217 10 945 303 891 489
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		60 124 293	59 522 738
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets		42 222 180	42 328 360
Property, Plant and Equipment Investment Property Intangible Assets Capitalised Restoration Cost	10 11 12 13	40 245 133 111 000 274 895 1 591 152	40 341 158 - 342 978 1 644 223
Current Assets		17 789 980	15 445 891
Inventory Receivables from exchange transactions Receivables from non-exchange transactions Taxes Cash and Cash Equivalents	14 15 16 9.3 17	1 039 175 501 432 1 340 572 199 251 14 709 550	924 616 442 162 1 457 221 134 665 12 487 228
Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		112 133	1 748 488
Non-current Assets held for sale	10	112 133	1 748 488
Total Assets		60 124 293	59 522 738



# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	Notes	2014 (Actual) R	2013 (Restated) R	Correction of error R	2013 (Previously reported) R
REVENUE					
Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions		51 144 477	47 986 370	102 894	47 883 477
Transfer Revenue		51 124 301	47 244 520	102 894	47 141 626
Government Grants and Subsidies Public Contributions and Donations	18	51 124 301 -	47 244 520 -	102 894 -	47 141 626 -
Other Revenue		20 176	741 851	-	741 851
Actuarial Gains	3	16 421	741 851	-	741 851
Impairments Recovered	25	3 755	-	-	
Revenue from Exchange Transactions		68 821 419	62 349 045	656 132	61 692 912
Government Grants and Subsidies	18	50 621 904	41 089 556	(96 887)	41 186 443
Service Charges	19	645 663	621 345	-	621 345
Rental of Facilities and Equipment		10 718 124	11 144 665	•	11 144 665
Interest Earned - external investments		1 290 199	484 647	-	484 647
Interest Earned - outstanding debtors		4 780	3 918	•	3 918 45 040
Licences and Permits		75 938	45 040	-	3 873 146
Agency Services		4 489 097	3 873 146 4 428 147	753 019	3 675 127
Other Income	20	568 233	42 288	733 0 15	42 288
Fair Value Gains	10	407 482	616 292	-	616 292
Gain on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	10	407 402	010 292		010 252
Total Revenue		119 965 896	110 335 415	759 026	109 576 389
EXPENDITURE					
Employee related costs	21	58 992 022	53 300 096	1 023 700	52 276 396
Employee related costs (Roads)	21	13 512 802	12 570 495	12 570 495	-
Remuneration of Councillors	22	5 144 455	3 979 297	-	3 979 297
Debt Impairment	23	330 327	753 019	753 019	-
Depreciation and Amortisation	24	2 117 020	2 436 873	-	2 436 873
Impairments	25	539 626	9 992		9 992
Repairs and Maintenance		13 387 755	7 782 286	(12 258 515)	20 040 801
Actuarial losses	3	476 288	45.545	-	15 310
Fair Value losses		-	15 310	•	1 392 464
Finance Charges	26	861 226	1 392 464	-	255 754
Contracted services		125 583	255 754	(2 031 226)	2 031 226
Operating Grant Expenditure	27	- 26 954 071	25 227 039	(2 03 1 22 <del>0</del> ) 689 887	24 537 151
General Expenses  Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	27	ZO 954 U/ I -	25 227 039 641 213	000 001	641 213
Total Expenditure		122 441 176	108 363 838	747 361	107 616 477
•				11 665	1 959 913
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		(2 475 279)	1 971 577	11 000	1 333 3 13



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	Accumulated Surplus/ (Deficit)	Total
	R	R
Balance at 1 JULY 2012 Correction of error - Refer to note 28.10	<b>(23 276 498)</b> 88 319	<b>(23 276 498)</b> 88 319
Restated balance on 1 JULY 2012  Net Surplus for the year	( <b>23 188 179</b> ) 1 971 577	<b>(23 188 179)</b> 1 971 577
Balance at 30 JUNE 2013	(21 216 602)	(21 216 602)
Net Deficit for the year	(2 475 279)	(2 475 279)
Balance at 30 JUNE 2014	(23 691 881)	(23 691 881)



# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	30 JUNE 2014 R	30 JUNE 2013 R
Receipts Ratepayers and other Government - operating Interest		16 179 696 99 574 466 1 294 979	18 544 425 97 397 982 488 565
Payments Suppliers and employees Finance charges	26	(113 578 988) (233 295)	(101 640 355) (306 133)
Cash generated by operations CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	30	3 236 857	14 484 483
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed Assets Purchase of Intangible Assets Proceeds on Disposal of Non-Current Investments	10	(2 119 367) 2 131 736 - -	(1 384 260) 1 704 337 (61 045) 357 810
Net Cash from Investing Activities CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<u>12 369</u> .	616 842
Loans repaid Increase(Decrease) in Consumer Deposits		(1 021 134) (5 770)	(643 269) (2 490)
Net Cash from Financing Activities		(1 026 904)	(645 759)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2 222 322	14 455 565
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	17	12 487 228 14 709 550	(1 968 338) 12 487 228
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2 222 322	14 455 565

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# OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2014

### COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

	2014 R	2014 R	2014 R	
	Actual	Final Budget	Variance	Explanations for material variances
ASSETS				
Current assets				Variance due to additional grants received for the roads
Cash	7 016 521	3 269 590	3 746 930	function  Financial position of the municipality improved due to
Call investment deposits	7 693 030	-	7 693 030	improved financial control
Consumer debtors	501 432	439 560	61 872	Increase due to reduction in payment levels by consumers
Olher Receivables	1 539 823	2 008 363	(468 540)	Decrease due to outstanding amounts written off by Council Decrease due to selling of property previously recognised as
Inventory	1 039 175	2 968 461	(1 929 287)	non-current assets held for sale
Total current assets	17 789 980	8 685 974	9 104 005	
Non current assets				
Long-term receivables	_	_	-	
Investments	-	-	-	
				Decrease due to financial lease assets being much cheaper
Property, plant and equipment	40 245 133	43 531 356	(3 286 222)	than anticipated  Less expenditure incurred on intangible assets than budgeted
Intangible Assets	274 895	377 279	(102 384)	for
Total non current assets	40 520 029	43 908 635	(3 388 606)	
TOTAL ASSETS	58 310 008	52 594 610	5 715 399	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Bank overdraft	-	C	(D)	
Вотоwing	782 765	785 689	(2 924)	Not material
Consumer deposits	11 B20	17 590	(5 770)	Number of consumers reduced due to partial closure of the Dennehof Resort
Consumer deposits	11 020	17 550	(3110)	Additional funding for roads function increased the unspent
Trade and other payables	11 043 578	3 152 975	7 890 604	conditional grants significantly
Provisions and Employee Benefits	8 005 540	7 335 489	670 050	Adjustments due to actuarial calculations
Total current liabilities	19 843 703	11 291 743	B 551 960	
Non current liabilities				
Borrowing	1 476 990	1 096 702	382 288	increased due to liabilities raised for financial leases
Provisions and Employee Benefits	62 493 481	64 965 960	(2 472 479)	Adjustments due to actuarial calculations
Total non current liabilities	63 972 471	66 062 662	(2 090 191)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	83 816 174	77 354 405	6 461 769	
NET ASSETS	(25 506 165)	(24 759 795)	(746 370)	
COMMUNITY WEALTH				Realised smaller deficit for the year under review than
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	(23 691 881)	(24 759 795)	1 067 914	anticipated
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	(23 691 881)	(24 759 795)	1 067 914	



# OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2014

#### ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2014 R	2014 R	2014 R	
	Approved Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Explanations for material adjustments
ASSETS				
Current assets				Financial position of the municipality improved due to
Cash	1 584 469	1 685 121	3 269 590	improved financial control  Corrections between exchange and non-exchange debtors as
Consumer debtors	2 345 817	(1 906 257)	439 560	well as debtors written off
Other Receivables	581 091	1 427 272	2 008 363	Corrections between exchange and non-exchange debtors Corrections done to include non-current assets held for sale
Inventory	1 138 542	1 829 919	2 968 461	as part of inventory
Total current assets	5 649 919	3 036 056	8 685 974	
Non current assets Investments	-	-		
				PPE reduced due to municipality's inability to raise an
Property, plant and equipment	51 124 051	(7 592 696)	43 531 356	external loan for the expansion of the Karwyderskraal Regional Landfill Site Budget for capital expenditure adjusted to provide for the
Intangible Assets	249 061	128 218	377 279	purchase of software
Total non current assets	51 373 112	(7 464 477)	43 908 635	
TOTAL ASSETS	57 023 031	(4 428 422)	52 594 610	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities				
Bank overdraft	-	D	0	
Borrowing	3 808 179	(3 022 490)	765 689	Decreased due to Karwyderskraal Regional Landfill site not being expanded
Consumer deposits	20 080	(3 022 490)	17 590	Not material
Trade and other payables	2 340 360	812 615	3 152 975	Increased due to rise in supplier prices
Provisions and Employee Benefits	7 204 176	131 313	7 335 489	Not material
Total current liabilities	13 372 795	(2 081 052)	11 291 743	
Non current liabilities				Decreased due to Karwyderskraal Regional Landfill site not
Вопожінд	12 482 855	(11 386 153)	1 096 702	being expanded
Provisions and Employee Benefits	63 713 805	1 252 155	64 965 960	Not material
Total non current liabilities	76 196 660	(10 133 998)	66 062 662	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	89 569 454	(12 215 050)	77 354 405	
NET ASSETS	(32 546 423)	7 786 628	(24 759 795)	
COMMUNITY WEALTH				
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	(32 546 423)	7 786 628	(24 759 795)	Adjusted due to improved financial management
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	(32 546 423)	7 786 628	(24 759 795)	

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# OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

### COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

REVENUE BY SOURCE	2014 R Actual	2014 R Final Budget	2014 R Variance	Explanations for material variances
Service charges	645 663	651 180	(5.517)	Not material
Rental of facilities and equipment	10 718 124	10 644 000	74 124	Not material
Interest earned - external investments	1 290 199	1 300 000		Not material
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	4 780	4 100	680	Increase due to improved credit control measures being implemented
Actuarial Gains	16 421		16 421	Adjustments due to actuarial calculations
Licences and permits	75 938	45 000	30 938	Increase due to permits being issued by Municipal Health
Agency services	4 489 097	4 489 090	7	Not material
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	101 746 205	106 146 080	(4 399 875)	Decrease due to additional funding for the roads function not spent at year end
Other revenue	568 233	447 590	120 643	increase due to revenue being more than anticipated
Gains on disposal of PPE	407 482		407 482	Increase due to properties being sold during the year
Total Operating Revenue	119 952 141	123 727 040	(3 764 899)	
EXPENDITURE BY TYPE				
				Increase due to settlement with previous MM and acting allowances paid for vacant
Employee related costs	58 992 022	56 755 960	2 236 062	positions
Remuneration of councillors	5 144 455	4 862 480	281 975	Reduced due to Councillors claiming less for travel claims than anticipated
Depreciation & asset impairment	2 117 020	2 067 110	49 910	Decreased due to extending of economic usefull lives of assets
Finance charges	B61 226	845 870	15 356	Not material
Impairments	539 626		539 626	Redundant assets being written off
Contracted services	125 583	140 000	(14 417)	Reduced due to Karwyderskraal landfill site still being closed
Olher expenditure	40 818 114	62 498 830	(21 680 716)	Decrease due to additional funding for the roads function not spent at year end
Loss on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	
Total Operating Expenditure	108 928 374	127 170 250	(18 241 876)	
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	11 033 768	(3 443 210)	14 476 978	
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	(353 740)		(353 740)	Assets bought from government grants not budgeted for as capital expenditure
Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	10 680 027	(3 443 210)	14 123 237	
	F			•



# OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2014 R Approved Budget	2014 R Adjustments	2014 R Final Budget	2014 R Final Virements	2014 R Final Year End Budget	Reasons for malerial adjustments
REVENUE BY SOURCE						
Service charges	510 480	140 700	651 180	9 890	661 070	Increased due to permanent residents at resorts being charged for services
Rental of facilities and equipment						Reduced due to weaker economic climate and
Interest earned - external investments	11 285 380	(641 380)	10 644 000	20 000	10 664 000	less usage of the resorts Increased due to improved cash flow position of
	500 000	800 000	1 300 000	-	1 300 000	the municipality
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	4 100	-	4 100	•	4 100	
Dividends received Licences and permits	-	-	•	-	-	Decrease due to revenue being less than
Agency services	60 000	(15 000)	45 000	-	45 000	anticipated Increased due to additional funding received for
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	3 958 770	530 320	4 489 090	-	4 489 090	roads function Increased due to additional funding received for
Other revenue	91 288 580	14 857 500	106 146 080	914 976	107 061 056	roads function  Decrease due to revenue being less than
	557 750	(110 160)	447 590	•	447 590	anticipated
Gains on disposal of PPE				-		
Total Operating Revenue	108 165 060	15 561 980	123 727 040	944 866	124 671 906	
EXPENDITURE BY TYPE Employee related costs						
Remuneration of councillors	54 956 540	1 799 420	56 755 960	13 310 350	70 065 310	Increased due to vacant positions being filled Increased due to approval of increase for
Debt impairment	4 739 740	122 740	4 862 480	-	4 862 480	Councillors  Reduced due to improved credit control measures
Depreciation & asset impairment	300 000	(300 000)	-	-	•	implemented  Decreased due to financial fease assets being
Finance charges	2 558 390	(491 280)	2 067 110	-	2 067 110	musc cheaper than anticipated
Contracted services	1 274 460	(428 590)	B45 B70	•	845 870	Decreased due to decrease in long term liabilities Reduced due to Karwyderskraal landfill site still
	400 000	(260 000)	140 000	-	140 000	being closed Increased due to additional grants received for
Other expenditure	47 805 040	14 693 790	62 498 830	-12 365 484	50 133 346	the roads function
Total Operating Expenditure	112 034 170	15 136 080	127 170 250	944 866	128 115 116	
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(3 869 110)	425 900	(3 443 210)	-	(3 443 210)	
Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(3 869 110)	425 900	(3 443 210)	-	(3 443 210)	



## OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

	2014 R	2014 R	2014 R	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts	Actual	Final Budget	Variance	Explanations for material variances
Ralepayers and other Government - operating Interest Payments	16 179 696 99 574 466 1 294 979	16 280 960 97 048 656 1 300 000	(101 264) 2 525 810 (5 021)	Not material Additional allocations received for the roads function Not material
Suppliers and Employees Finance charges Transfers and Grants	(113 578 988) (233 295)	(121 321 360) (232 950)	7 742 372 (345)	Reduced due to cut down on expenditure fevels Not material
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3 236 857	-6 924 694	10 161 551	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts Proceeds on disposal of Assels Proceeds on Disposal of Non-Current Investments Payments	2 131 736 -	1 288 646	842 890 -	Actual proceeds more than originally anticipated
Purchase of Intangible Assets Capital assets	(2 11 <del>9</del> 367)	(2 710 360)	590 993	Less capital expenditure incurred than budgeted for
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	12 369	(1 421 514)	1 433 883	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts Borrowing Increase/(decrease) in consumer deposits		-	•	Number of consumers reduced due to partial closure of
Payments	(5 770)	•	(5 770)	the Dennehof Resort
Repayment of borrowing	(1 021 134)	(871 430)	(149 704)	Increase due to raising of long-term liability for financial leases
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1 026 904)	(871 430)	(155 474)	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2 222 322	(9 217 638)	11 439 960	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	2 222 322	(9 217 638)	44 420 550	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	12 487 228	12 487 228	11 439 960	1
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	14 709 550	3 269 590	11 439 960	Increase due to roads funding received not spent at year end



# OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

### ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2014	2014	2014	
	R	R	R	
	Approved Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Reasons for material adjustments
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		•		
Receipts			40,000,000	No revenue collected at Karwyderskraal landfill site
Ratepayers and other	17 272 380	(991 420)	16 280 960 97 048 656	Increased allocation for performing the roads function
Government - operating	90 238 580	6 610 076	97 040 000	Increased due to improved cash flow position of the
Interest	504 100	795 900	1 300 000	municipality
	504 100	-	-	
Dividends				
Payments				Additional allocation received for the roads function also
Suppliers and Employees	(104 313 802)	(17 007 558)	(121 321 36D)	increases expenditure Adjusted due to liability not raised for Karwyderskraal
Supplied and Cimple) 444			1000 DEGI	Reginal Landfil Site
Finance charges	(1 263 100)	1 030 150	(232 950)	Reginal Carolii She
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2 438 158	-9 352 852	-6 924 694	
NET CASITI NO INTO SEE A CITATION OF THE CASITION OF THE CASIT				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts	1 779 026	(490 180)	1 288 846	Decrease due to properties not being sold
Proceeds on disposal of Assets	1715020	(-150 155)		
Payments				Reduced due to inability to raise external funding for
				Karwyderskraal and financial lease assets being much
Capital assets	(17 692 000)	14 981 640	(2 710 360)	cheaper than anticipated
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(15 912 974)	14 491 460	(1 421 514)	
NET CASH PROMITORED MARE IN 19 NO 11411CO				
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				External funding for Karwyderskraal Regional Landfill
Borrowing	15 300 000	(15 300 000)		Site could not be raised
	15 300 000	(15 300 500)		<del></del>
Increase/(decrease) in consumer deposits				
Payments Repayment of borrowing				External funding for Karwyderskraal Regional Landfill
Repayment of borrowing	(1 794 428)	922 998	(871 430)	Site could not be raised
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	13 505 572	(14 377 002)	(871 430)	
NET CASH PROMIQUED) PRIVATED NO 1441125				
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	30 756	(9 248 394)	(9 217 638)	
INC 1 (MAINTAINE III AND III A			-	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	30 756	(9 248 394)	(9 217 638)	
			] [	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	1 553 713	10 933 515	12 487 228	Provided for improved financial position of municipality
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	1 ,3501,6		<b> </b>	
Casu and Casu Edmaisure at the eutrin the Aera	1 584 469	1 685 122	3 269 590	Provided for improved financial position of municipality
				=



# 1. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES APPLIED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1.1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and effective standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), including any interpretations and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the GRAP reporting framework , have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 8,10 and 11 of GRAP 3 (Revised – February 2010) and the hierarchy approved in Directive 5 issued by the Accounting Standards Board

The Municipality resolved to early adopt the following GRAP standards which have been issued but are not effective yet:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 5 (Revised – Feb 2013)	Borrowing Costs	1 April 2014

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied except where an exemption or transitional provision has been granted, are disclosed below.

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is permitted or required by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated otherwise. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant notes to the Financial Statements.

In terms of Directive 7: "The Application of Deemed Cost on the Adoption of Standards of GRAP" issued by the Accounting Standards Board, the Municipality applied deemed cost to Investment Property, Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets where the acquisition cost of assets could not be determined.

#### 1.2. PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Amounts reflected in the financial statements are in South African Rand and at actual values. Financial values are rounded to the nearest one Rand.

### 1.3. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.



#### 1.4. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated, unless a standard of GRAP does not require the restatements of comparative information. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where material accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

#### 1.5. AMENDED DISCLOSURE POLICY

Amendments to accounting policies are reported as and when deemed necessary based on the relevance of any such amendment to the format and presentation of the annual financial statements. The principal amendments to matters disclosed in the current financial statements include errors.

#### 1.6. MATERIALITY

Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the decision or assessments of users made on the basis of the financial statements. Materiality depends on the nature or size of the omission or misstatements judged in the surrounding circumstances. The nature or size of the information item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor. Materiality is determined as 1% of total operating expenditure. This materiality is from management's perspective and does not correlate with the auditor's materiality.

### 1.7. PRESENTATION OF BUDGET INFORMATION

The presentation of budget information is prepared in accordance with GRAP 24 and guidelines issued by National Treasury. The comparison of budget and actual amounts are disclosed as separate additional financial statements, namely the Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

Budget information is presented on the accrual basis and is based on the same period as the actual amounts, i.e. 1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014. The budget information is therefore on a comparable basis to the actual amounts.

The comparable information includes the following:

- · the approved and final budget amounts;
- actual amounts and final budget amounts;

Explanations for differences between the approved and final budget are included in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Explanations for material differences between the final budget amounts and actual amounts are included in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The disclosure of comparative information in respect of the previous period is not required in terms of GRAP 24.

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# 1.8. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Municipality:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 6	Consolidated and Separate Financial	Unknown
(Revised – Nov 2010)	Statements	
	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the circumstances in which consolidated and separate financial statements are to be prepared and the information to be included in those financial statements so that the consolidated financial statements reflect the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of an economic entity as a single entity.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have any entities at this stage to be consolidated.	
GRAP 8	Interest in Joint Ventures	Unknown
(Revised – Nov 2010)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting treatment of jointly controlled operations, jointly controlled assets and jointly controlled entities and to provide alternatives for the recognition of interests in jointly controlled entities.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality is not involved in any joint ventures.	
GRAP 18	Segment Reporting	1 April 2015
(Original – Feb 2011)	The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for reporting financial information by segments.	·
	No significant impact is expected as information to a large extent is already included in the appendices to the financial statements which do not form part of the audited financial statements.	
GRAP 20	Related Party Disclosure	Unknown
(Original – June 2011)	The objective of this Standard is to ensure that a Municipality's financial statements contains the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and surplus or deficit may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.	
	The Municipality resolved to adopt the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20. The information is therefore included in the financial statements.	



GRAP 32	Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor	Unknown
(Original – Aug 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the grantor and a public sector entity.	
	No such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 100	Discontinued operation	1 April 2014
(Revised – Feb 2013)	(formerly known as Non-current assets held for sale and Discontinued Operations)	
	The amendment resulted in that non-current assets held for sale no longer need to be reclassified. Only disclosure will be made in the financial statements relating to the decision to dispose of non-current assets.	
GRAP 105 (Original – Nov 2010)	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control	1 April 2015
	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer and transferor in a transfer of functions between entities under common control.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	
GRAP 106 (Original – Nov 2010)	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control	1 April 2015
	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer in a transfer of functions between entities not under common control.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	
GRAP 107	Mergers	1 April 2015
(Original – Nov 2010)	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the combined entity and combining entities in a merger.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	
GRAP 108	Statutory Receivables	Unknown
(Original – Sept 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe accounting requirements for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of statutory receivables.	



	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	
IGRAP 11	Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities (SPE)  The objective of this Interpretation of the Standard is to prescribe under what circumstances an entity should consolidate a SPE.  No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have any SPE's at this stage.	Unknown
IGRAP 12	Jointly Controlled Entities non-monetary contributions  The objective of this Interpretation of the Standard is to prescribe the treatment of profit/loss when an asset is sold or contributed by the venture to a Jointly Controlled Entity (JCE).  No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have any JCE's at this stage.	Unknown

These standards, amendments and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the Municipality once implemented.

#### 1.9. RESERVES

### 1.9.1 Accumulated Surplus/Deficit

The accumulated surplus/deficit represents the net difference between the total assets and the total liabilities of the Municipality. Any surpluses and deficits realised during a specific financial year are credited/debited against accumulated surplus/deficit. Prior year adjustments, relating to income and expenditure, are debited/credit against accumulated surplus when retrospective adjustments are made.

#### 1.10. LEASES

# 1.10.1 Municipality as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the Municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets (excluding licensing agreements for such items as motion picture films, video recordings, plays, manuscripts, patents and copyrights) subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the Municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant and equipment or intangibles. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method.



Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined expenses and actual payments made will give rise to a liability. The Municipality shall recognise the aggregate benefit of incentives as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

#### 1.10.2 Municipality as Lessor

Under a finance lease, the Municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the Municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to de-recognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined revenue and actual payments received will give rise to an asset. The Municipality shall recognise the aggregate cost of incentives as a reduction of rental revenue over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern over which the benefit of the leased asset is diminished.

# 1.11. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Conditional government grants are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable.

Unspent conditional grants are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent government grants, subsidies and contributions from government organs.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent conditional grants are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the Municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If it
  is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the Municipality's
  interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

# 1.12. UNPAID CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Unpaid conditional grants are assets in terms of the Framework that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. The asset is recognised when the



Municipality has an enforceable right to receive the grant or if it is virtually certain that it will be received based on that grant conditions have been met.

# 1.13. UNSPENT PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS

Public contributions are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable.

Unspent public contributions are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent contributions from the public.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent public contributions are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with the public contribution conditions. If it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the municipality's interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.14. PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is possible that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of future outflows of resources. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land).

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is possible.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

(a) The Municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least:



- the business or part of a business concerned;
- · the principal locations affected;
- the location, function and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services;
- the expenditures that will be undertaken; and
- when the plan will be implemented.
- (b) The Municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

The amount recognised as a provision shall be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is de-recognised..

### 1.15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans.

# 1.15.1 Post-Retirement Medical Obligations

The Municipality provides post-retirement medical benefits by subsidizing the medical aid contributions of certain retired staff according to the rules of the medical aid funds. Council pays 60% as contribution and the remaining 40% is paid by the members. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The present value of the defined benefit liability is actuarially determined in accordance with GRAP 25 – "Employee benefits" (using a discount rate applicable to high quality government bonds). The plan is unfunded.

These contributions are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution. The liability was calculated by means of the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The liability in respect of current pensioners is regarded as fully accrued, and is therefore not split between a past (or accrued) and future in-service element. The liability is recognised at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued annually by independent qualified actuaries.

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#### 1.15.2 Long Service Awards

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the Municipality. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries annually and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued annually by independent qualified actuaries.

#### 1.15.3 Ex gratia Gratuities

Ex gratia gratuities are provided to employees that were not previously members of a pension fund.

#### 1.15.4 Provision for Staff Leave

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days due to employees at year-end and also on the basic salary of the employee.

Accumulating leave is carried forward and can be used in future periods if the current period's entitlement is not used in full. All unused leave will be paid out to the specific employee at the end of that employee's employment term.

Accumulated leave is vesting.

### 1.15.5 Staff Bonuses Accrued

Liabilities for staff bonuses are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability at year end is based on bonus accrued at year end for each employee.

#### 1.15.6 Pension and retirement fund obligations

The Municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable. The defined benefit funds, which are administered on a provincial basis, are actuarially valued triannually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis to all participating municipalities. The contributions and lump sum payments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable. Sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a multi-employer plan. As a result, defined benefit plans have been accounted for as if they were defined contribution plans.



### 1.15.7 Other Short-term Employee Benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the Municipality during a reporting period, the Municipality recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service:

- as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid. If the
  amount already paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of the benefits, the
  Municipality recognises that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that
  the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash
  refund; and
- as an expense, unless another Standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset.

#### 1.16. BORROWING COSTS

The Municipality recognises all borrowing costs as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 1.17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### 1.17.1 Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the municipality, and the cost or fair value of the item can be measured reliably. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the assets acquired are initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

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### 1.17.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the Municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset.

#### 1.17.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

	Years		Years
<u>Infrastructure</u>		<u>Other</u>	
Roads and Paving	30	Computer equipment	5-15
Electricity	20-30	Other vehicles	20
Water	20-30	Office equipment	6-25
Sewerage	30	Furniture and fittings	7-30
Housing	100	Watercraft	25
		Bins and containers	25-50
<u>Community</u>		Specialised plant and	
Buildings	50-100	Equipment	5-35
Recreational Facilities	30-100	Other plant and	
Security	5-20	Equipment	5-35
Halls	100	Landfill sites	15-120
Libraries	100	Emergency equipment	5-35
Parks and gardens	30-100		
Other assets	5-35		
Finance lease assets		Land and Duildings	
Office equipment	3	Land and Buildings	
Other assets	ა 3	Buildings	50-100
Other assets	S		

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

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#### 1.17.4 De-recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 1.18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### 1.18.1 Initial Recognition

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

An asset meets the identifiability criterion in the definition of an intangible asset when it:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from the municipality and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable asset or liability, regardless of whether the municipality intends to do so; or
- arises from binding arrangements from contracts, regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the municipality or from other rights and obligations.

The Municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the Municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the Municipality has the resources to complete the project;
- it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential; and
- the municipality can measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

### 1.18.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairments losses. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.



# 1.18.3 Amortisation and Impairment

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over its estimated useful lives using the straight line method. Amortisation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are amortised separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and amortisation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Intangible Assets	Years
Computer Software	10
Computer Software Licenses	10

Intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

#### 1.18.4 De-recognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.19. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

### 1.19.1 Initial Recognition

Investment property shall be recognised as an asset when, and only when:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the municipality, and
- the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations. Property with a currently undetermined use, is also classified as investment property.

At initial recognition, the Municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. The cost of self-constructed investment property is measured at cost.



Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Municipality accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

### 1.19.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of investment property are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

# 1.19.3 Depreciation and Impairment - Cost Model

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

<u>Investment Property</u> Years Buildings 30

Investment Property are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

#### 1.19.4 De-recognition

Investment property is derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the investment property. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of investment property is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

# 1.19.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

# 1.20. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

### 1.20.1 Initial Recognition

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or

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disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

#### 1.20.2 Subsequent Measurement

Non-current assets held for sale (or disposal group) are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

A non-current asset is not depreciated (or amortised) while it is classified as held for sale, or while it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale.

Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are recognised in surplus or deficit.

#### 1.21. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

#### 1.21.1 Cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Municipality considers the following indications:

#### (a) External sources of information

- During the period, an asset's market value has declined significantly more than would be expected as a result of the passage of time or normal use.
- Significant changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken
  place during the period, or will take place in the near future, in the
  technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the
  Municipality operates or in the market to which an asset is dedicated.
- Market interest rates or other market rates of return on investments have increased during the period, and those increases are likely to affect the discount rate used in calculating an asset's value in use and decrease the asset's recoverable amount materially.

#### (b) Internal sources of information

- Evidence is available of obsolescence or physical damage of an asset.
- Significant changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, in the extent to which, or manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used. These changes include the asset becoming idle, plans to discontinue or restructure the operation to which an asset belongs, plans to dispose of an asset before the previously expected date, and reassessing the useful life of an asset as finite rather than indefinite.
- Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the economic performance of an asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

The re-designation of assets from a cash-generating asset to a non-cash generating asset or from a non-cash-generating asset to a cash-generating asset shall only occur



when there is clear evidence that such a re-designation is appropriate. A re-designation, by itself, does not necessarily trigger an impairment test or a reversal of an impairment loss. Instead, the indication for an impairment test or a reversal of an impairment loss arises from, as a minimum, the indications listed above.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 1.21.2 Non-cash-generating assets

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable service amount.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Municipality considers the following indications:

#### (a) External sources of information

- Cessation, or near cessation, of the demand or need for services provided by the asset.
- Significant long-term changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period or will take place in the near future, in the technological, legal or government policy environment in which the Municipality operates.

#### (b) Internal sources of information

- Evidence is available of physical damage of an asset.
- Significant long-term changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, in the extent to which, or manner in which, an asset is used or is

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expected to be used. These changes include the asset becoming idle, plans to discontinue or restructure the operation to which an asset belongs, or plans to dispose of an asset before the previously expected date.

- A decision to halt the construction of the asset before it is complete or in a usable condition.
- Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the service performance of an asset is, or will be, significantly worse than expected.

An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The value in use of a non-cash-generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined using any one of the following approaches, depending on the nature of the asset in question:

- depreciation replacement cost approach the present value of the remaining service potential of an asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement of its gross service potential. The depreciated replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.
- restoration cost approach the cost of restoring the service potential of an asset to its pre-impaired level. Under this approach, the present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined by subtracting the estimated restoration cost of the asset from the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential of the asset before impairment. The latter cost is usually determined as the depreciated reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower.
- service unit approach the present value of the remaining service potential of the
  asset is determined by reducing the current cost of the remaining service potential
  of the asset before impairment, to conform with the reduced number of service
  units expected from the asset in its impaired state. As in the restoration cost
  approach, the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential of the asset
  before impairment is usually determined as the depreciated reproduction or
  replacement cost of the asset before impairment, whichever is lower.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard of GRAP. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that Standard of GRAP.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset may no longer exist or may have



decreased. If any such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. Such a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance..

#### 1.22. INVENTORIES

### 1.22.1 Initial Recognition

Inventories comprise of current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Municipality, and the cost of the inventories can be measured reliably. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus non-recoverable taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Water inventory is being measured by multiplying the cost per kilo litre of purified water by the amount of water in storage.

Where inventory is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

### 1.22.2 Subsequent Measurement

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

The basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method.

Water inventory is measured annually at the reporting date by way of dip readings and the calculated volume in the distribution network.

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Cost of land held for sale is assigned by using specific identification of their individual costs.

### 1.23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and payables (both form exchange and non-exchange transactions) and non-current investments. The future utilization of Unspent Conditional Grants is evaluated in order to determine whether it is treated as financial instruments.

### 1.23.1 Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when the Municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. If finance charges in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities are significantly different from similar charges usually obtained in an open market transaction, adjusted for the specific risks of the Municipality, such differences are immediately recognised in the period it occurs, and the unamortised portion adjusted over the period of the loan transactions.

#### 1.23.2 Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value, financial assets at amortised cost or financial assets at cost. Financial liabilities are categorised as either at fair value or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost. The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation. Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and payables (both form exchange and non-exchange transactions).

#### 1.23.2.1 Receivables

Receivables are classified as financial assets at amortised cost, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

For amounts due from debtors carried at amortised cost, the Municipality first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Objective evidence of impairment includes significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments (more than 90 days overdue). If the Municipality determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of



Financial Performance. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original effective interest rate of the asset. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the municipality. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, if material. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

#### Payables and Annuity Loans 1.23.2.2

Financial liabilities consist of payables and annuity loans. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, and are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using an effective interest rate, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents 1.23.2.3

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks. equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, highly liquid deposits and net of bank overdrafts. The Municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

#### Non-Current Investments 1.23.2.4

Investments which include investments in municipal entities and fixed deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are stated at amortised cost.

Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that the impairment is identified.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. The carrying amounts of such investments are reduced to recognise any decline, other

than a temporary decline, in the value of individual investments.

### 1.23.3 De-recognition of Financial Instruments

#### Financial Assets 1.23.3.1

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- · the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Municipality has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Municipality has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the old asset is derecognised and a new asset is recognised to the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement in the asset.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Municipality could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Municipality may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

#### 1.23.3.2 Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.23.4 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

### 1.24. REVENUE

### 1.24.1 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.



Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred, meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is recognised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the Municipality. Where public contributions have been received, but the Municipality has not met the related conditions, it is recognised as an unspent public contribution (liability).

Revenue from third parties i.e. insurance payments for assets impaired, are recognised when it can be measured reliably and is not being offset against the related expenses of repairs or renewals of the impaired assets.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the Municipality.

All unclaimed deposits are initially recognised as a liability until 36 months expires, when all unclaimed deposits into the Municipality's bank account will be treated as revenue. This policy is in line with prescribed debt principle as enforced by law.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, a Municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability will be recognised as revenue.

# 1.24.2 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered or goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The Municipality has transferred to the purchaser the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- The Municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

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- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Municipality.
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

At the time of initial recognition the full amount of revenue is recognised where the Municipality has an enforceable legal obligation to collect, unless the individual collectability is considered to be improbable. If the Municipality does not successfully enforce its obligation to collect the revenue this would be considered a subsequent event.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption and a basic charge as per Council resolution. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Where the Municipality was unable to take the actual month's reading of certain consumers, a provisional estimate of consumption for that month will be created. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Dividends are recognised on the date that the Municipality becomes entitled to receive the dividend.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Revenue arising out of situations where the Municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

The amount of revenue arising on a transaction is usually determined by agreement between the Municipality and the purchaser or user of the asset or service. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Municipality.

In most cases, the consideration is in the form of cash or cash equivalents and the amount of revenue is the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or receivable. However, when the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is the more clearly determinable of either:

- The prevailing rate for a similar instrument of an issuer with a similar credit rating;
- A rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.



When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

### 1.25. RELATED PARTIES

The Municipality resolved to adopt the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20 - "Related Party Disclosures".

A related party is a person or an entity:

- with the ability to control or jointly control the other party,
- or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa,
- or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control.

The following are regarded as related parties of the Municipality:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Municipality if that person:
  - · has control or joint control over the Municipality.
  - has significant influence over the Municipalities. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the Municipality.
  - is a member of the management of the Municipality or its controlling entity.
- (b) An entity is related to the Municipality if any of the following conditions apply:
  - the entity is a member of the same economic entity (which means that each controlling entity, controlled entity and fellow controlled entity is related to the others).
  - one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of an economic entity of which the other entity is a member).
  - both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Municipality or an entity related to the Municipality. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are related to the entity.
  - the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - a person identified in (a) has significant influence over that entity or is a member of the management of that entity (or its controlling entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that person in their dealings with the

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Municipality. A person is considered to be a close member of the family of another person if they:

(a) are married or live together in a relationship similar to a marriage; or

(b) are separated by no more than two degrees of natural or legal consanguinity or affinity.

Management (formerly known as "Key Management") includes all persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality, including:

(a) all members of the governing body of the Municipality;

- a member of the governing body of an economic entity who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality;
- (c) any key advisors of a member, or sub-committees, of the governing body who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality; and
- (d) the senior management team of the Municipality, including the chief executive officer or permanent head of the Municipality, unless already included in (a).

### Management personnel include:

- (a) All directors or members of the governing body of the Municipality, being the Executive Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker and members of the Mayoral Committee.
- (b) Other persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the reporting Municipality being the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer an all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

Remuneration of management includes remuneration derived for services provided to the Municipality in their capacity as members of the management team or employees. Benefits derived directly or indirectly from the Municipality for services in any capacity other than as an employee or a member of management do not meet the definition of remuneration. Remuneration of management excludes any consideration provided solely as a reimbursement for expenditure incurred by those persons for the benefit of the Municipality.

The Municipality operates in an economic environment currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African government. As a result of the Constitutional independence of all three spheres of government in South Africa, only parties within the same sphere of government will be considered to be related parties. Only transactions with such parties which are not at arm's length and not on normal commercial terms are disclosed.

### 1.26. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in a form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

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### 1.27. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act, and (Act. No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.28. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and could have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.29. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the municipality. A contingent liability could also be a present obligation that arises from past events, but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

The Economic entity does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where the inflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable.

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring contingent liabilities.

## 1.30. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Municipality's accounting policy, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

# 1.30.1 Post-retirement medical obligations and Long service awards.

The cost of post-retirement medical obligations and long service awards are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Major assumptions used are disclosed in note 4 of the annual financial statements. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

### 1.30.2 Impairment of Receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of debtors is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

### 1.30.3 Property, Plant and Equipment

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on management's estimation. Infrastructure's useful lives are based on technical estimates of the practical useful lives for the different infrastructure types, given engineering technical knowledge of the infrastructure types and service requirements. For other assets and buildings management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment.

- The useful life of movable assets was determined using the age of similar assets available for sale in the active market. Discussions with people within the specific industry were also held to determine useful lives.
- Local Government Industry Guides was used to assist with the deemed cost and useful life of infrastructure assets.
- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the
  useful life of buildings. The Municipality also consulted with engineers to support
  the useful life of buildings, with specific reference to the structural design of
  buildings.

For deemed cost applied to other assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

The cost for depreciated replacement cost was determined by using either one of the following:

- cost of items with a similar nature currently in the Municipality's asset register;
- cost of items with a similar nature in other municipalities' asset registers, given that
  the other municipality has the same geographical setting as the Municipality and
  that the other municipality's asset register is considered to be accurate;
- cost as supplied by suppliers.

For deemed cost applied to land and buildings as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

### 1.30.4 Intangible Assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate.

Reference was made to intangibles used within the Municipality and other municipalities to determine the useful life of the assets.

For deemed cost applied to intangible assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

#### 1.30.5 Investment Property

The useful lives of investment property are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their economic lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and valuation of investment property:

- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings.
- The Municipality also consulted with professional engineers and qualified valuators to support the useful life of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to Investment Property as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

### 1.30.6 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions and when measuring contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the time value effect is material.

### 1.30.7 Revenue Recognition

Accounting Policy 1.23.1 on Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions and Accounting Policy 1.23.2 on Revenue from Exchange Transactions describes the conditions under which revenue will be recognised by management of the Municipality.

In making their judgement, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as set out in GRAP 9: Revenue from Exchange Transactions and GRAP 23: Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions.). Specifically, whether the Municipality, when goods are sold, had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and when services are rendered, whether the service has been performed. The management of the Municipality is satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate.

### 1.30.8 Provision for Landfill Sites

The provision for rehabilitation of the landfill site is recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. The provision is calculated by a qualified environmental engineer. The provision represents the net present value at the reporting date of the expected future cash flows to rehabilitate the landfill site. To the extent that the

obligations relate to an asset, it is capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Any subsequent changes to an obligation that did not relate to the initial related asset are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding provisions:

- Professional engineers were utilised to determine the cost of rehabilitation of landfill sites as well as the remaining useful life of each specific landfill site.
- Interest rates (investment rate) linked to prime was used to calculate the effect of time value of money.

#### 1.30.9 Provision for Staff leave

Staff leave is accrued to employees according to collective agreements. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave or when employment is terminated.

### 1.30.10 Componentisation of Infrastructure assets

All infrastructure assets are unbundled into their significant components in order to depreciate all major components over the expected useful lives. The cost of each component is estimated based on the current market price of each component, depreciated for age and condition and recalculated to cost at the acquisition date if known or to the date of initially adopting the standards of GRAP.

#### 1.31. TAXES - VALUE ADDED TAX

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amounts of value added tax. The net amount of Value Added Tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 1.32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments disclosed in the financial statements represents the contractual balance committed to capital projects on reporting date that will be incurred in the period subsequent to the specific reporting date.

### 1.33. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

Events after the reporting date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date (adjusting events after the reporting date); and
- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date (non-adjusting events after the reporting date).

If non-adjusting events after the reporting date are material, the Municipality discloses the nature and an estimate of the financial effect

7091 Ar 7 8

					2014 R	2013 R
2	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES					
	Annuity Loans - At amortised cos Capitalised Lease Liability - At an	l nonised cost			1 235 231 1 026 524	1 958 300 809 345
	<b>**</b>			_	2 261 755	2 767 645
	Current Portion transferred to Cu	rrent Liabilities			782 765	891 489
	Annuity Loans - At amortised Capitalised Lease Liability - A	cost At amortised cost			455 287 327 478	723 069 168 419
	Total Long-term Liabilities - At	amortised cost using the effect	ive interest rate method	=	1 478 990	1 876 157
	Refer below for maturity dates of	łong term liabilities:				
	The obligations under annuity loa	ns are scheduled below:			Minim annuity pa	
	Amounts payable under annuity le	oans:			553 655 867 490	890 438 1 204 273
	Payable within two to five years Payable after five years				108 436	325 309
				_	1 529 581	2 420 019
	Less: Future finance obligation	กร		_	294 350	461 719
	Present value of annuity oblig	ations		=	1 235 231	1 958 300
	Annuity loans at amortised cost i loan is unsecured .	s calculated at 13.22% interest rat	e, with a maturity date of 30	June 2015. The		
	The obligations under finance lea	ses are scheduled below:			Minim lease pay	
	Amounts payable under finance	eases:			275 224	200 022
	Payable within one year Payable within two to five years				375 231 716 499	663 875
				•	1 091 730	863 898
	Less: Future finance obligati	ons .			65 206	54 553
	Present value of lease obligat	ions			1 026 524	B09 345
	Leases are secured by property.	plant and equipment - Note 10				
	The capitalised lease liability cor	sists of the following contracts:				
	Suppler	<u>Description of leased</u> item	Effective Interest rate	Annual Escalation	Lease Term	Maturity Date
	Assatech	Coplers	8.5% to10.16%	0%	3 Years	31 Aug 2016 03 Apr 2013 -
	Amasondo	Vehicles	8.5% to10,16%	0%	3 Years	03 Apr 2016

Refer to Appendix A for descriptions, maturity dates and effective interest rates of structured loans and finance.

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Post Retirement Benefits - Refer to Note 3.1   50 742 796   47 522 30   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   37 130 00   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3911 668   3	3	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	2014 R	2013 R
Long Service Awards - Refer to Note 3.2   3.91 1088   3.713.00		Post Retirement Benefits - Refer to Note 3 1		
Total Non-current Employee Benefit Liabilities		Long Service Awards - Refer to Note 3.2		47 522 303
Past Retirement Benefits   State   S		Total Non-current Employee Benefit Liabilities		
Balance 1 July			54 654 766	51 235 312
Current service cost		Post Retirement Benefits		
Interest Cost			E0 472 P70	
Adult   Adul				
Actuarial Loss / ( Cair)			4 012 319	3 490 883
Total post relirement benefits 30 June  Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6  Balance 30 June  Balance 1 July  Current service oost 410 6277 423 602  Expenditure for the year 263 760 280 693  Actuarial Loss / (Gain) 431 550 (305 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643		Actuarial Loss / ( Gain )		(2 352 755)
Palance 30 June   1 July   2				
Balance 1 July		Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6		
Balance 1 July		Balance 30 June	·	
Balance 1 July   4 116 067   3 886 097   Current service cost   416 217   423 602   Expenditure for the year   263 760   228 093   Actuarial Loss / (Gain)   (134 550)   (230 541 641 641)   (126 304 641 641)   (126 304 641 641)   (126 304 641 641)   (126 304 641 641)   (126 304 641 641)   (126 304 641 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 304 641)   (126 30		Long Sorting August	30 742 798	47 522 303
Current service cost		···		
Interest Cost		Balance 1 July Current service cost	4 116 067	3 886 891
Actuarial Loss / ( Gain )		Interest Cost	418 217	423 6D2
Total long service 30 June				238 093
1				(305 415) (126 304)
Parker of Current Portion - Note 6			4 370 073	
Salance 30 June   3 511 968   3 713 008				
Balance 1 July		Balance 30 June	3 911 968	3 713 009
Balance 1 July		<b></b>		<del></del>
Contribution for the year   1542 986   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   1908 228   190				
Interest cost		Balance 1 July	54 200 040	52.050.000
Expenditure for the year Actuarial Loss / (Gain)       4 296 079 (2 558 28) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 255828) (2 558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 2558 270 25		Interest cost		
Actuarial Loss / ( Gain )				
Total employee benefits 30 June   57 823 095   54 290 046     Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6   (3 168 329)   (3 054 734)     Balance 30 June   54 654 766   51 235 312     3.1   Post Retirement Benefits     The Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follows:		Actuariat Loss / ( Gain )		(2 658 170)
Post Retirement Benefits   3.1   Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follows:    In-service (employee) members   115   107   108   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109   109			<del></del>	·
Balance 30 June   54 654 766   51 235 312     3.1   Post Retirement Benefits		Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6		
The Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follows:  In-service (employee) members Continuation members (e.g. Retirees, widows, orphans) Total Members  115 107 84 89 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109		Balance 30 June		
In-service (employee) members	3,1	Post Retirement Benefits		31 235 312
In-service (employee) members   115   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   107   10		The Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follows:		
Total Members   199   196     2014   2013   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R		In-service (employee) members		107
199   196     2014   2013   R			84	89
The fiability in respect of past service has been estimated to be as follows:  In-service members Continuation members Total Liability  R R R  18 182 623 14 448 503 35 725 476			199	196
In-service members Continuation members Total Liability  18 182 623 14 448 503 35 725 476				
Continuation members     18 182 623     14 448 503       Total Liability     35 270 399     35 725 476		The liability in respect of past service has been estimated to be as follows:	R	R
Total Liability 35 270 399 35 725 476			40 400 000	
Total Liability ————————————————————————————————————		Continuation members		
53 453 622 50 173 979		Total Liability	<del></del>	
			00 400 022	90 1/3 9/9



The liabili	ty in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been			
estimated	d as follows:	2012 R	2011 R	2010 R
	e members	13 165 926 35 000 845	10 271 948 32 199 354	8 971 495 25 920 761
Total Lia	lion members	48 166 771	42 471 302	34 892 256
1 DEGI CHA	buis	<del>-                                    </del>		
Experien	ce adjustments were calculated as follows:	2014 R 349 000	2013 R 491 000	2012 R (7 000)
Assets: 0	ı: (Gain) / loss Gain / (loss)	•		
The mun schemes	icipality makes monthly contributions for health care arrangements to the following s:	medical aid		
Bonitas: LA Heall				
Keyheali	ned; and Ih.		2014	2013
Key actu	rarial assumptions used:			
i) Rat	e of interest			
Dis Hea Net	count rate alth Care Cost Inflation Rate Effective Discount Rate		8.72% 7.99% 0.67%	8.21% 7.42% 0.74%
The as '	e discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using "bootstrapping".	; a technique known		
il) Mo	rtality rates			
The	e PA 90 ultimate table, rated down by 1 year of age was used by the actuaries.			
iji) No	rmal retirement age			
lt h	nas been assumed that in-service members will retire at age 60, which then implicill es of early and ill-health retirement.	y allows for expected		
	•		2014 R	2013 R
The an	nounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:		K	,,
			50 742 798	47 522 303
	at value of fund obligations		50 742 79B	47 522 303
Net lia	bllity/(asset)			
The fu	nd is wholly unfunded.			
Recon	ciliation of present value of fund obligation:			45.455.774
	nt value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year expenses		50 173 979 2 802 755	48 166 771 2 622 754 1 484 626
Currer Interes	nt service cost st Cost		1 114 169 4 012 319 (2 323 733)	3 490 883 (2 352 755)
	is Paid		476 288	(615 546)
	rial losses nt value of fund obligation at the end of the year		53 453 022	50 173 979
Less:	The Control Nation C		(2 710 224)	(2 651 676)
	ice 30 June		50 742 798	47 522 303

17. Jan 17. 18

### Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability

3.2

Assumption Central Assumptions	Change	members liability (Rm) 18,183	Continuation members liability (Rm) 35,270	Total liability (Rm) 53,453	% change
The effect of movements in the assumptions	are as follows:			564,66	
Health care inflation	1%	**			
Health care inflation	-1%	22.151	38.781	60.932	14
Discount rate	-1% 1%	15,047	32.218	47,265	-12
Discount rate		15.090	32.261	47.351	-1
Post-retirement mortality	-1%	22.164	38,793	60,957	14
Average retirement age	-1 year	18,829	36.809	55.638	2
Continuation of membership at retirement	-1 year	19,699	35.270	54,969	
commodulation membership at retirement	-10%	16,492	35.270	51.762	:
		Current-service			
Assumption		Cost	Interest Cost	Total	
	Change	(Rm)	(Rm)	(Rm)	81 - 1-
Central Assumptions		1.114	4.012	5.127	% change
The effect of movements in the assumptions	are as follows:				
Health care inflation	1%	4 274			
Health care inflation	-1%	1.376	4.585	5.961	16
Post-retirement mortality		0,910	3,538	4.448	-13
Average retirement age	-1 year	1.152	4.178	5,329	- 10
Wilhdrawal rate	-1 year	1.226	4.111	5.337	4
The state of the s	-50%	1.256	4.120	5,376	5
ong Service Bonuses					<del>-</del>
		Long Service Bonuses.	=	279	28
As al year end, the following number of emplo		Long Service Bonuses.	=	279 <u>-</u> 2014	28
As at year end, the following number of emplo Key actuarial assumptions used:		Long Service Bonuses,	-		<del></del>
As at year end, the following number of emplo (ey actuarial assumptions used: ) Rate of interest		Long Service Bonuses.	-		<del></del>
As at year end, the following number of emplo  (ey actuarial assumptions used:  ) Rate of interest  Discount rate		Long Service Bonuses,	-		2013
As at year end, the following number of emplo (ey actuarial assumptions used: Rate of interest Discount rate General Salary inflation (long-term)	yees were eligible for		=	<b>2014</b> 7.90%	2013 7.24
As al year end, the following number of emplo  (ey actuarial assumptions used:  Rate of interest  Discount rale  General Salary Inflation (long-term)  Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sal	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv	ice Bonuses	-	2014	2013 7.249 6.789
As at year end, the following number of emplo (ey actuarial assumptions used:  Rate of interest  Discount rate General Salary inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sal	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv	ice Bonuses	technique known	2014 7.90% 7.09%	2013 7.249 6.789
As al year end, the following number of emplo (ey actuarial assumptions used: Rate of interest Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sal	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv	ice Bonuses	technique known	7.90% 7.09% 7.09% 0.76%	2013 7.24 6.78 0.445
As al year end, the following number of emplo  (ey actuarial assumptions used:  Rate of interest  Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sal  The discount rate used is a composite of as "bootstrapping"	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv all government bonds	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a	technique known	2014 7.90% 7.09%	2013 7.249 6.789
As at year end, the following number of emplo  (ey actuarial assumptions used:  Rate of interest  Discount rate General Salary inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sal  The discount rate used is a composite of a as "bootstrapping"	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv all government bonds	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a	technique known	7.90% 7.09% 0.76%	2013 7.249 6.789 0.449
As at year end, the following number of emplo  (ey actuarial assumptions used:  Rate of interest  Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sal  The discount rate used is a composite of as "bootstrapping"  the amounts recognised in the Statement of the salary value of fund obligations	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv all government bonds	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a	technique known	7.90% 7.09% 0.76%	2013 7.249 6.769 0.449 2013 R
As at year end, the following number of emplo (ey actuarial assumptions used:  Rate of interest  Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sal  The discount rate used is a composite of as "bootstrapping"  the amounts recognised in the Statement of resent value of fund obligations  et Hability	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows:	technique known	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R	2013 7.244 6.789 0.449 2013 R 3 713 005
As at year end, the following number of employees at year end, the following number of employees at year end, the following number of employees at year end of the statement of the amounts recognised in the Statement of the sent value of fund obligations et liability.	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows:	technique known 	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R	2013 7.249 6.789 0.449 2013 R 3 713 009
As at year end, the following number of employees at year end, the following number of employees at year end, the following number of employees at year end of the statement of the amounts recognised in the Statement of the sent value of fund obligations et liability.	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows:	technique known	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R 3 911 968 3 911 968	2013 7.249 6.789 0.449 2013 R 3 713 009 3 713 009
As al year end, the following number of employees at year end, the following number of employees at year end, the following number of employees at year end of the statement of the amounts recognised in the Statement of the employees at liability  The discount rate used is a composite of the amounts recognised in the Statement of the employees at the employees at the statement of the employees at the employees a	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows:	-	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R	2013 7.249 6.789 0.449 2013 R 3 713 009
As al year end, the following number of employees at year end, the following number of employees at year end, the following number of employees at year end of the statement of the amounts recognised in the Statement of the employees at liability  The discount rate used is a composite of the amounts recognised in the Statement of the employees at the employees a	yees were eligible for ary-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows:	- = 2012	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R 3 911 968 3 911 958	2013 7.249 6.789 0.449 2013 R 3 713 009 3 713 009
As al year end, the following number of employees at year end of the statement of the employees at year end of the employees at year end of the employees at the employees	yees were eligible for any-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position prior to the comparati	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows:	2012 R	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R 3 911 968 3 911 968	2013 7.249 6.789 0.449 2013 R 3 713 009 3 713 009
As al year end, the following number of employees at year end of the statement of the employees at year end of the employees at year end of the employees at the employees	yees were eligible for any-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position prior to the comparati	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows:	2012 R 3 886 091	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R 3 911 968 3 911 968 2011 R 3 417 827	2013 7.249 6.769 0.449 2013 R 3 713 009 3 713 009 2010 R 2 455 178
Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sal The discount rate used is a composite of as "bootstrapping"  the amounts recognised in the Statement of resent value of fund obligations of Illability the liability in respect of periods commencing is stimated as follows:	yees were eligible for any-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position prior to the comparati	ice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows: we year has been	2012 R 3 886 091	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R 3.911.968 3.911.968 2011 R 3.417.827	7.249 6.789 0.449 2013 R 3 713 009 3 713 009 2010 R 2 455 178
As al year end, the following number of employees at year end of the statement of the employees at year end of the employees at year end of the employees at the employees	yees were eligible for any-related Long Serv all government bonds of Financial Position prior to the comparati	rice Bonuses and is calculated using a are as follows:  ve year has been  = 2014	2012 R 3 886 091	2014 7.90% 7.09% 0.76% 2014 R 3 911 968 3 911 968 2011 R 3 417 827	2013 7.249 6.769 0.449 2013 R 3 713 009 3 713 009 2010 R 2 455 178

The municipality performed their first actuarial valuation on 30 June 2010. Thus there are no experience adjustment figures available on or before 30 June 2010 to fully comply with GRAP 25



				2014 R	2013 R
Reconciliation of present value of	fund obligation:				
Present value of fund obligation at the Total expenses	e beginning of the year		_	4 116 067 270 427	3 886 091 356 280
Current service cost			ļ	418 217 283 760	423 602 238 093
Interest Cost Benefits Paid				(431 550)	(305 415)
Actuarial losses			_	(16 421)	(126 304)
Present value of fund obligation at th	e and of the year			4 370 073	4 116 067
				(458 105)	(403 058)
<u>Less:</u> Transfer of Current Portion	I - IARIC O		•	3 911 968	3 713 009
Balance 30 June			-		
Sensitivity Analysis on the Unfun	ded Accrued Liability				
Assumption			Change	Llability (Rm) 4,370	% change
Central assumptions					
The effect of movements in the assu	imptions are as follows:				
General salary inflation			1%	4.648 4.118	5% -6%
General salary inflation			-1% 1%	4.115	-6%
Discount rate			-1%	4,667	7%
Discount rate			-2 vrs	3.606	-17%
Average retirement age			2 yrs	5.072	16%
Average retirement age Withdrawal rates			-50%	4.999	14%
•		Current-service			
		Cost	Interest Cost	Total	% change
	Change	(Rm)	(Rm)	(Rm) 0.702	% change
Assumption Central Assumption		0.418	0.284	0.702	
The effect of movements in the ass	umptions are as follows:				
	1%	0.443	0.304	0.746	6%
General Salary Inflation	-1%	0.397	0,266	0.663	-6% -13%
General Salary Inflation	-2 year	0.374	0,236	0.610	-13% 12%
Average retirement age	+2 year	0,459	0.328	0.787	12%
Average retirement age Withdrawai Rates	-50%	0.505	0,328	0.833	(970

#### 3.3 Retirement funds

The Municipality requested detailed employee and pensioner information as well as information on the Municipality's share of the Pension and Retirement Funds' assets from the fund administrator. The fund administrator confirmed that assets of the Pension and Retirement Funds are not split per participaling employer. Therefore, the Municipality is unable to determine the value of the plan assets as defined in the principles of GRAP 25.

As part of the Municipality's process to value the defined benefit liabilities, the Municipality requested pensioner data from the fund administrator. The fund administrator ctaims that the pensioner data is confidential is not willing to share the information with the Municipality. Without detailed pensioner data the Municipality was unable to calculate a reliable estimate of the accrued liability in respect of pensioners who qualify for a defined benefit pension.

Therefore, although both the Cape Joint Pension Fund and Cape Joint Retirement Fund are defined as defined benefit plans, it will be accounted for as defined contribution plans.

### CAPE JOINT PENSION FUND

The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 23.05% by Council. The latest available actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2013 revealed that the fund is in a sound financial position with a funding level of 99.7% (30 June 2012 - 99.4%).

#### CAPE RETIREMENT FUND

The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The latest available actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2013 revealed that the fund is in a sound financial position with a funding level of 105.1% (30 June 2012 - 108.0%).

#### DEFINED CONTRIBUTION FUNDS

Council contribute to the Municipal Council Pension Fund, Cape Joint Pension Fund and SAMWU National Provident Fund which are defined contribution funds. The retirement benefit fund is subject to the Pension Fund Act, 1956, with pension being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. Current contributions by Council are charged against expenditure on the basis of current service costs.



4	NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS		2014 R	2013 R
	Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites			
			7 838 715	7 210 784
	Landfill Sites			
	Balance 1 July Unwinding of discounted interest		7 210 784	6 644 290
	Balance 30 June		627 931 7 838 715	7 210 784
			<del></del>	7 210 784
	The municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate the following la of the asset. Details of the sites are as follows:	andfill sites at the end of the expected useful life		
			2014 R	2013
		<u>Estimated</u>		R
	Location	decommission date	Cost of rehabilitation the usefu	n at the end of
	Many A. A. A.	<del>gaze</del>		
	Karwyderskraaj	2042		
	Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites Total Non-current Provisions		7 838 715	7 210 784
	Total Admiculation Provisions		7 838 715	7 210 784
5	CONSUMER DEPOSITS			
	Electricity			
	Total Consumer Deposits		11 820	17 590
			11 820	17 590
	The fair value of consumer deposits approximate their carrying v	ralue. Interest are not paid on these amounts.		
	The decline in deposits can be attributed to the fact that a number renew their rental agreements.	er of residents at Dennehof Resort did not		
6	CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS			
	Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Note 3		2 710 224	
	Current Portion of Long-Service Provisions - Note 3 Staff Leave		458 105	2 651 676 403 058
	Bonuses  Total Current Employee Benefits		3 430 708 1 406 502	2 987 959 1 292 796
	Total Current Employee Benefits		8 005 540	7 335 489
	The movement in current employee benefits are reconciled as fol	lows:		···
	Staff Leave			
	Balance at beginning of year			
	Contribution to current portion Expenditure incurred		2 987 959 599 013	2 770 862 414 541
	Balance at end of year		(156 264)	(197 443)
	Staff leave accrued to employees according to collective agreeme	and Duncton to the second	3 430 708	2 987 959
	accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as of reimbursement.	ent, Provision is made for the full cost of employees take leave. There is no possibility		
	Bonuses			
	Balance at beginning of year		y	
	Contribution to current portion Expenditure incurred		1 292 796 3 067 098	1 198 833 2 826 698
	- F-Harrist & Mischiell			
	Balance at end of year		(2 953 391) 1 405 502	(2 732 736) 1 292 796



		2014 R	2013 R
7	PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	632 211	614 890
	Trade Payables	552 Σ	608 B83
	Balance Previously Reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 28.01	442 575	6 007 468 021
	Payments received in advance	1 039 740	-
	Retentions and Guarantees	30 735	41 270
	Sundry Deposits	124 753	103 036
	Suspense Accounts	2 270 014	1 227 217
	Total Trade Payables		

Payables are being recognised net of any discounts.

Payables are being paid within 30 days as prescribed by the MFMA. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other payables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary

The carrying value of trade and other payables approximates its fair value.

All payables are unsecured.

The municipality received a financial guarantee of R 1 039 740 (2013 - R  $\mu$ ) from the Department of Transport and Public Works for the rehabilitation of land.

Sundry deposits represents housing rent deposits.

The municipality did not default on any of their payables.

## UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT OF ANY AND ANY	8 773 564	10 945 303
Unspent Grants	8 773 564	10 945 303
Provincial Government Grants		40.045.002
Total Conditional Grants and Receipts	8 773 564	10 945 303
Balance Previously Reported		10 951 310 (6 007)
Correction of error - Refer to Note 28.02	_	10 945 303
	=	

See appendix "D" for reconciliation of grants from other spheres of government. The municipality recognised see appendix. Direct reconditions attached to all grants complied with, No grants were withheld.

#### TAXES

9,2

9,3

#### VAT PAYABLE 9.1

	113 105	136 742
VAT Payable	113 105	136 742
Total Vat payable		
VAT RECEIVABLE		
	312 356	271 407
VAT Receivable	312 356	271 407
Total VAT receivable		
	199 251	134 665
NET VAT RECEIVABLE/(PAYABLE)		

VAT is receivable/payable on the cash basis.

## OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

30 JUNE 2014

Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Land and Buildings R	Infrastructure R	Community R	Leased Assels R	Other Assets R	Total R
Carrying value at 1 July 2013	10 793 701	14 215 237	1 325 792	784 204		
Cost	12 312 853	24 398 399	1 507 112		13 222 225	40 341 15
Original Cost	12 312 853	24 398 399	1 507 112	821 872	21 359 503	60 399 73
Accumulated Depreciation	<u> </u>		1007 172	821 872	21 359 503	60 399 73
Original Cost	(1 519 152)	(*** ****)	(181 320)	(37 669)	(8 137 277)	(20 058 58
	(1 519 152)	(10 183 162)	(181 320)	(37 669)	(8 137 277)	(20 058 58
Acquisitions	-	170 978	14 800	515 244	1 279 634	1 980 65
Capital under Construction Committed for fire truck R 696046, Transfers from/(to) investment Properties	-	-	•	-	653 954	653 954
Cost	(111 000)	_			_	(111 000
	(111 000)			•		(111 000
Impairments	_	_	_			
Cost Accumulated Depreciation	-		<u>-</u>		(539 626)	(539 626
Accountated Debteciation	<u> </u>		-	-	(1 068 124) 528 498	(1 068 124 528 498
Depreciation	(77 091)	(700 700)		<del></del>		- 020 430
Normal Depreciation	(77 091)	(793 728)	(135 271)	(298 344)	(687 677)	(1 992 111
Samuelton II a n	(// 051)	(793 728)	(135 271)	(298 344)	(687 677)	(1 992 111
Carrying value of disposals Cost	(87 898)	_	_			(07.000
SUST.	(87 898)	•				(87 898
arrying value at 30 June 2014						(87 898
Cost	10 517 712	13 592 487	1 205 320	1 001 104	13 928 511	40 245 133
Original Cost	12 113 955	24 569 377	1 521 912	1 337 117	23 293 091	62 835 451
	12 113 955	24 569 377	1 521 912	1 337 117	23 293 091	62 835 451
ccumulated Impairments	_	_				
riginal Cost			<del></del> -	<del></del> _	(539 626)	(539 626)
ccumulated Depreciation			-	-	(1 068 124) 528 498	(1 068 124) 528 498
ccumulated Depreciation	/1 FDE 0453	(40.675.555		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		JZD 498
riginal Cost	(1 596 243) (1 596 243.20)	(10 976 890)	(316 592)	(336 013)	(8 824 954)	(22 050 691)
	(1 596 243,20)	(10 976 890)	(316 592)	(336 013)	(8 824 954)	(22 050 691)

The leased property, plant and equipment are secured as set out in note 2



Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Land and Buildings R	Infrastructure R	Community R	Leased Assets R	Other Assets R	Total R
	11 188 573	15 026 660	1 309 032	1 024 194	14 015 872	42 564 332
Carrying value at 30 June 2012	12 645 853	24 392 732	1 473 492	1 163 569	21 554 648	61 230 294
Cost Original Cost	12 645 853	24 392 732	1 473 492	3 883 077 (2 719 508)	21 030 646 524 002	63 425 799.70 (2 195 506.05)
Correction of Error - Refer to Note 26.09	(1 457 280)	(9 366 071)	(164 460)	(139 375)	(7 538 776)	(18 665 962)
Accumulated Depreciation Original Cost	(1 457 280)	(9 366 071)	(164 460)	(2 681 413) 2 542 038	(7 306 061) (232 715)	(20 975 285) 2 309 323
Correction of Error - Refer to Note 28.09		5 667	33 620	821 872	523 101	1 384 260
Acquisitions	(317 833)	_	-	-	(62 128)	(379 961)
Transfers from/(to) Non-current Assets Held for Sale - Note Cost	(333 000)		-	-	(120 727) 58 599	(453 727) 73 766
Accumulated Depreciation	(77 039)	(817 090)	(16 861)	(630 423)		(2 317 809)
Depreciation	(77 039	(817 090)	(16 861)	(630 423)	(776 396)	(2 317 809)
Normal Depreciation			_	(431 440	) (478 223)	(909 663)
Carrying value of disposals  Cost  Accumulated Depreciation			-	(1 163 569 732 129		(1 761 088) 851 424
	10 793 701	14 215 237	1 325 792	784 204		40 341 15B
Carrying value at 30 June 2013	12 312 853	24 398 399	1 507 112	821 872	21 359 503	60 399 738
Cost	12 312 853	24 398 399	1 507 112	821 872	21 359 503	60 399 738
Original Cost  Accumulated Depreciation	(1 519 152	2) (10 183 162	(181 320)		·	
Original Cost	(1 519 15	2) (10 183 162	(181 320)	(37 66	9) (8 137 277)	(20 058 580

Reconciliation of non-current assets transferred to assets held for sale	Land and Buildings R	Infrastructure R	Community assets R	Lease assets R	Other assets R	Total R
Total value of non-current assets held for sale as at 30 June 2013 - Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 28.10	1 711 858 (25 498)		-	-	62 128 -	1 773 986 (25 498)
Total value of non-current assets held for sale as at 30 June 2013 - Restated balance Less: Sold during 2013/14	1 686 360 1 636 355		•	*	62 128	1 748 488 1 636 355
Total value of non-current assets held for sale as at 30 June 2014	50 005		-	-	62 128	112 133

	Land and Buildings	Infrastructure	Community assets	Lease assets	Other assets	Total
Reconciliation of gains on disposal of PPE	1 724 253			-	•	1 724 253
Carrying value of assets sold during 2013/14	,,,				-	2 138 007
Proceeds on sale of non-current assets held for sale	2 138 007					6 271
Advertising costs and costs of value on properties	6 271					407 482
	407 482	-	-	•	-	407 402
Gains on disposal of non-current assets held for sale						

10 July 13

11	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		2014 R	2013 R
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July			
	Transfers from Property, Plant and equipment - Note 10		•	-
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	_	111 000	
	Cost	<del>[</del>	111 000	-
			111 000	
	The properly transferred from Property, Plant and Equipment relates to the Buffeljachts resort. I that the property is totally covered by sand dunes, the property was classified as Investment Pro unidentified use.	Due to the fact operty with	-	
	No rental revenue was derived from any investment properties in the current year.			
	No repairs and maintenance cost were incurred on any investment properties in the current year	·.		
12	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Computer Software			
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July		342 978	344 300
	Cost Accumulated Amortisation		788 520	727 475
	Additions		(445 542)	(383 175)
	Amortisation		(68 OB3)	61 045
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	4—————————————————————————————————————	274 895	(62 367) 342 978
	Cost Accumulated Amortisation		788 520	788 520
	The following material intangible assets are included in the carrying value above	<u></u>	(513 624)	(445 542)
			Carrying	Value
	Description Remaining Amortisation Period		2014 R	2013 R
	Microsoft Office and Windows software 5		274 895	342 978
	No intangible assets were assessed having an indefinite useful life.		274 000	342 976
	There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting date.			
	There are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.			
	There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities			
	There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets.			
13	CAPITALISED RESTORATION COST			
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July		1 644 223	1 710 913
	Cost Assumption Deposit for		2 402 151	2 402 151
	Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments		(652 176)	(595 479)
	Depreciation Impairment	<u></u>	(56 827)	(95 760) (56 697)
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	<del></del>	3 755	(9 992)
	Cost	<del></del>	1 591 152	1 644 223
	Accumulated Depreciation		2 402 151 (709 003)	2 402 151
	Accumulated Impairments Capitalised restoration costs relates to the visit of the v	ļ	(101 996)	(652 176) (105 752)
	Capitalised restoration costs relates to the rehabilitation of landfill sites which forms part of Land & Buildings as part of Property, Plant & Equipment,	<del></del>		
	• • •			

### 14 INVENTORY

Maintenance Materials - At cost

Printing & Stationary Fuel & Oil Spare Parts Grader Blades Cleaning Materials Other

Total Inventory

	17 262
	B73 329
	28 468
	99 883
	9 905
	10 328
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sa visa e 12 🕖 📉 📑 📑	
//	
2702 - LA (A) 8	
7774 - 647 6	

1 039 175

924 616

924 616

	2014 R	2013 R
RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
	44 984	62 379
Electricity	17 729	11 555
Water	9 619	11 373
Refuse Housing rental	222 862	337 067
Sewerage	6 604	867 363 007
Creditors paid in advance	387 591	
Balance Previously Reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 28.03		351 342 11 665
Provincial health function	• _	
		9 063
Balance Previously Reported		(9 063)
Correction of error - Refer to Note 28.03		
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions	689 390	786 247
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debts	(187 958)	(344 085)
Total Net Receivables from Exchange Transactions	501 432	442 162
IDIAI NEL NECEIVADIGA ITOTI BANTINGA VIANA		
Consumer debtors are payable within 30 days. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other receivables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary.		
Ageing of Receivables from Exchange Transactions:		
(Electricity): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	10 241	16 669 9 429
31 - 60 Days	5 869	2 453
61 - 90 Days	3 145 25 729	33 828
+ 90 Days		
Total	44 984	62 379
(Water): Ageing		
Company (O. 30 days)	3 575	2 939
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	2 851	1 798 563
61 - 90 Days	1 806 9 497	б 254
+ 90 Days		
Total	17 729	11 555
(Reluse): Ageing		
	1 947	2 246
Current (0 - 30 days)	1 388	1 618
31 - 60 Days	1 105	530
61 - 90 Days	5 179	6 979
+ 90 Days Total	9 619	11 373
(Sewerage): Ageing	737	460
Current (0 - 30 days)	737 737	241
31 - 60 Days	737 491	166
61 - 90 Days	4 640	-
+ 90 Days		
Total	6 604	867
Total	<del></del>	



(Housing rental): Ageing	2014 R	2013 R
Current (0 - 30 days)		
31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days	29 100	30 035
+ 90 Days	19 850	20 164
+ su Days	21 500	9 000
Total	152 412	277 867
	222 862	337 067
Creditors paid in advance		
Current (0 - 30 days)		
	387 591	363 007
	387 591	363 007
(Total): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)		
31 - 60 Days	433 192	415 356
61 - 90 Days	30 695	33 251
+ 90 Days	28 048	12 712
Total	197 456	324 929
	689 390	786 247
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts		
Balance at beginning of year		
Contribution to provision//Reversal of provision)	344 085	4 256 639
Bad Debts Written Off	61 095	(3 879 554)
Balance at end of year	(217 221)	(33 000)
	187 958	344 085
Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality.	- 1	

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.

## 16 RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Other Receivables
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Provincial health function
Balance Previously Reported
Correction of error - Refer to Note 26,04
Electricity Deposits - Provincial clinics
Legal fees
Sundry Debtors
Suspense Debtors
Total Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debts
Total Net Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions

1 96B 735	2 332 209
39 906	9 063
-	9 063
3 874 81 416 1 550 937 292 602	3 674 34 035 1 835 247 449 990
1 968 735 (628 163)	2 332 209 (874 987)
1 340 572	1 457 221



	2014 R	2013 R
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts		
	874 987	224 637
Befance at beginning of year	269 232	753 019
Contribution to provision/(Reversal of provision)	(516 056)	(102 669)
Bad Debts Written Off	628 163	874 987
Balance at end of year		
Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Assets_	7 693 030	
Call Investments and Other Deposits	7 012 571	12 463 278
Call Investments and Other Deposits	3 950	3 95
Bank Accounts Cash Floats		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets	14 709 550	12 487 22
approximates their fair value.		
The municipality has the following bank accounts:		
	40,400,078	
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts	12 463 278	12 483 27
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year	12 483 278 7 012 571	12 483 27
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year	7 012 571	
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year  ARSA - Account Number 1780000062	7 012 571	656 2
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year  Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000062  Bank statement balance at beginning of year	7 012 571	656 21
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year  ARSA - Account Number 1780000062	7 012 571	656 2
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000062  Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year	7 012 571	656 2 213 9 (2 740 4
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000062  Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year  FNB - Account Number 62270787412  Bank statement balance at beginning of year	7 012 571 213 944 7 059 622	656 2 213 9 (2 740 4
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year  Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000062  Bank statement balance at beginning of year  Bank statement balance at end of year	7 012 571 213 944 7 059 622 12 356 430	656 21 213 94 (2 740 4)
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year  Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000062  Bank statement balance at beginning of year  Bank statement balance at end of year  FNB - Account Number 62270787412  Bank statement balance at beginning of year	7 012 571 213 944 7 059 622 12 356 430	656 2 213 9 (2 740 4
Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000062  Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year  FNB - Account Number 62270787412  Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year	7 012 571 213 944 7 059 622 12 356 430	656 2 213 9 (2 740 4
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000062 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year  FNB - Account Number 62270787412 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year  Call Investments and Other Deposits  Call investments and other deposits consist out of the following accounts:	7 012 571 213 944 7 059 622 12 356 430	656 2 213 9 (2 740 4
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000062  Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year  FNB - Account Number 62270787412  Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year  Call Investments and Other Deposits  Call investments and other deposits consist out of the following accounts:	7 012 571  213 944 7 059 622  12 356 430 237 129	656 2 213 9 (2 740 4
The municipality has the following bank accounts:  Current Accounts  Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year  ABSA - Account Number 1780000052  Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year  FNB - Account Number 62270787412  Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year  Call Investments and Other Deposits	7 012 571  213 944 7 059 622  12 356 430 237 129  6 566 087	12 483 27 656 21 213 9 <sup>4</sup> (2 740 4 <sup>4</sup> 12 356 4 <sup>4</sup>

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10 Jan 10

18	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES	2014 R	2013 R
	Unconditional Grants		
	Equitable Share	46 637 000	43 926 000
	Conditional Grants	46 637 000	43 926 000
	Grants and denations	55 109 205	44 408 076
	Subsidies	4 372 646 50 736 559	3 112 733 41 295 343
	Total Government Grants and Subsidies	101 746 205	88 334 076
	<u>Disclosed as:</u> Revenue from non-exchange transactions		
	Revenue from exchange transactions (Road Subsidy)	51 124 301	47 244 520
	Total Government Grants and Subsidies	50 621 904	41 089 556
	Delana	101 746 205	88 334 076
	Balance previously reported ( revenue from non-exchange transactions ) Correction of error - Refer to Note 29		47 141 626 102 894
		-	47 244 520
	Balance previously reported ( revenue from exchange transactions ) Correction of error - Refer to Note 29	=	41 186 443
		_	(96 887)
	The musicipality (	=	41 089 556
	The municipality does not expect any significant changes to the level of grants.		
18.1	Equitable share		
	Opening balance Grants received Conditions met	- 46 637 000	- 43 926 000
	Conditions still to be met	(46 637 000)	(43 926 000)
			-
	The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the municipality by the National Treasury.		
18,2	Health and Road Subsidy		
	Opening balance Grants received	8 153 997	
	Conditions met	48 645 080	49 449 341
	Conditions still to be met	(50 736 559)	(41 295 343)
		6 062 518	8 153 997
	Health subsidies was used to fund expenditure incurred for continued benefits of primary health care personnet previously employed by the municipality. The road subsidy is utilised to upgrade the provincial road network in the municipal area.		
18,3	Local Government Financial Management Grant (FMG)		
	Opening balance		
	Grants received Conditions met	1 250 000	(32 422) 1 250 000
	Grants repaid to National Treasury	(1 250 000)	(1 007 578)
	Conditions still to be recovered	<del>"</del>	(210 000)
	The Financial Management Co. 11		-
	The Financial Management Grant is paid by National Treasury to municipalities to help implement the financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The FMG Grant also pays for the cost of the Financial Management Internship Programme (e.g. salary costs of the Financial Management Interns).		



		2014 R	2013 R
18.4	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant		
10.4	Opening balance Grants received Conditions met Grants repaid to National Treasury	000 008}	(9 110) 1 000 000 (963 890) (27 000)
	Conditions still to be recovered		<del></del>
	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.		
18.5	Other Grants	2 791 306	2 111 705
	Opening balance	2 152 387	1 772 641
	Grants received	** OPER CASS	48 224 (1 141 265)
	Interest received Conditions met	(2 232 646)	
	Conditions still to be met	2 711 046	2 791 306
	Various grants were received from other spheres of government.		
18.6	Total Grants		
	Opening balance Grants received	10 945 303 99 574 466 -	2 070 173 97 397 982 48 224
	Interest received Conditions met	(101 746 205)	(88 334 076) (237 000)
	Grants repaid to National Treasury  Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)	8 773 564	10 945 303
	Conditions still to be medicinal experiment to self-end-end-end-end-end-end-end-end-end-end		
	Disclosed as follows:	8 773 564	10 945 303
	Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	8 773 564	10 945 303
19	SERVICE CHARGES	27 798	33 259 588 086
	Refuse removal Water, Electricity and Sewerage	617 865	621 345
	,,	645 663 645 663	621 345
	Total Service Charges		
20	OTHER INCOME	568 233	548 593
	Sundry income Reversal of debt impairment	568 233	3 879 554 4 428 147
	Total Other Income	200 233	<del></del>
	Balance previously reported		<b>3 675 127</b> 753 019
	Correction of error - Refer to Note 28.05		4 428 147

Sundry income represents sundry income such as building plans, sale of sundry items (wood, sand and stones) and fees for items not included under service charges (camping, fire brigade and impounding fees)

	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS	2014 R	2013 R
		•	•
	Salaries and Wages Bargaining Council Levy	44 989 563	44.444
	Bonus	22 162	41 441 i 21 :
	Contributions for UIF, pensions and medical aids	3 067 098	2 826
	Group Life Insurance	9 749 232	9 009 :
	Housing Subsidy	B71 226	B07 :
	Leave Reserve Fund	162 153	192 :
	Long service awards	599 013	414 5
	Overtime	701 977 1 364 977	661
	Post Employment Health Skills development levy	5 126 488	1 009 (
	Travel, motor car, telephone, assistance and other allowances	491 762	4 975 ! 437 4
	Workmen's Compensation Contributions	4 942 414	3 686
	Total Employee Related Costs	416 759	386 9
		72 504 824	65 870 9
	Balance previously reported	_	
	Operating Grant Expenditure incorrectly not disclosed in line with the nature of the item - Refer to Note 29  Reclassification of Employee Related Costs from Province		52 276 3 1 023 7
	Reclassification of Employee Refated Costs from Repairs and Maintenance of Roads - Refer to Note 28.07		12 570 4
		_	65 870 5
ł	KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL	=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Remuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr MP Du Plessis ( 1 July 2013 - 13 November 2013 ) Unrual Remuneration	20.	
Ĺ	ump sum : Settlement	324 639 369 364	845 7
L H	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy	369 364	-
L H T	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances		- 1 9
L H T C	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy	369 364 849	1 9 34 4
L H C T	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal	369 364 849 7 285	1 9 34 4 195 4
L H T C T R A	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) nnual Remuneration	369 364 849 7 285 87 150	1 9 34 4 195 4
L H T C T R A Ti	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) mual Remuneration , car and other allowances	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286	1 9 34 4 195 4
L H T C T R A Ti	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) mual Remuneration , car and other allowances	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899	1 9 34 4 195 4
LHTC TARATIC	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) nnual Remuneration	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286	1 90 34 49 195 42
LHTC TAATIC	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) nnual Remuneration ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899	1 90 34 49 195 42
LHTC TO RATIO TO RA	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) noval Remuneration ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329	1 90 34 4: 195 4: 1 077 40
LHTC TO RATIO	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) november 2013 - 30 June 2014) november 2013 - 30 June 2014) ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit onual Remuneration sting allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329	1 9 34 4 195 4: 1 077 4!
LHTC TO RATE ACAD	ump sum: Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) mual Remuneration ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit mual Remuneration string allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager mual Bonus	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329	1 99 34 44 195 4: 1 077 4! 
LHTC TO RATE RACE ATT	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) naual Remuneration ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit anual Remuneration ting allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager avelling , car and other allowances	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329 331 092 124 056 27 591	1 99 34 44 195 4; 1 077 44 
LHTC TO RATE RACATE	ump sum: Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) mual Remuneration ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit mual Remuneration string allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager mual Bonus	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329	1 99 34 4: 195 4: 1 077 4: 1 077 4: - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
LHTC TO RATIO TO RACACT	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) naual Remuneration ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit anual Remuneration ting allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager avelling , car and other allowances	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329 331 092 124 056 27 591 169 190	1 99 34 44 195 44 195 44 195 44 195 45 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 4
LHTC TO RATIO REAL ANTICO REJU	ump sum: Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) noual Remuneration ravelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medicat, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit anual Remuneration sting allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager munel Bonus avelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  emuneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 ne 2014)	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329 331 092 124 056 27 591 169 190 103 620	1 99 34 4 195 4: 1 077 4: 1 077 4: 
LHTC TO RATIO TO REAL ARTICLE R	ump sum: Settlement lousing Subsidy ravetling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) ravelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit string allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager mula Bonus avelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  emuneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 ne 2014) nual Remuneration	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329 331 092 124 056 27 591 169 190 103 620 755 650	1 99 34 44 195 44 195 44 195 44 195 45 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 4
LHTC TO RATIO TO REJUNCTION	ump sum : Settlement lousing Subsidy ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) naual Remuneration ravelling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit anual Remuneration ting allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager munual Bonus aveiling , car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  emuneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 ne 2014) noual Remuneration aveiling , car and other allowances	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329 331 092 124 056 27 591 169 190 103 620 755 550	1 99 34 44 195 44 195 44 195 44 195 45 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 46 195 4
LHTC TO RATIO REJUNTO	ump sum: Settlement lousing Subsidy ravetling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) ravelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit can allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager ravelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  emuneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329 331 092 124 056 27 591 169 190 103 620 755 650	1 99 34 44 195 42 1 077 44 1 077 44 
LHTC TO RATIO TO REJUNCTION	ump sum: Settlement lousing Subsidy ravetling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  otal  emuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti (18 November 2013 - 30 June 2014) ravelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  otal  emuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit can allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager ravelling, car and other allowances ontributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  emuneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)  muneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar (1 February 2014 - 30 Inc.)	369 364 849 7 285 87 150 789 286 647 375 42 899 8 055 698 329 331 092 124 056 27 591 169 190 103 620 755 550	845 70 - 1 93 34 44 195 42 1 077 46 



	2014 R	2013 R
REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS		
	832 546	632 094
Лауог	452 134	347 265 544 619
Deputy Mayor	697 340	1 356 090
Speaker	1 443 314 1 719 121	1 099 228
Mayoral Committee Members Councillors	5 144 455	3 979 297
Total Councillors' Remuneration		
n-kind Benefits		
The Executive Mayor and all the committee members are full-time. The Mayoral Committee Members are provided with secretarial support and an office at the cost of the Council.		
Remuneration of the Mayor - Mr L De Bruyn	60B 12B	428 240
Annua) Remuneration	121 766	121 666
Travelling , car and other allowances	23 388	17 952
Cellohone and Data	79 264	64 236
Contributions to Medical, Pension Funds	832 546	632 094
Total		
Remuneration of the Deputy Mayor - Mr J Du Toit Loubser	284 687	197 287
Annual Remuneration	126 979	113 629
Travelling , car and other allowances	5 787	6 756
Cellinhone and Data	34 680	29 593
Contributions to Medical, Pension Funds	452 134	347 265
Total	<del></del> -	
Remuneration of the Speaker - Mr D Du Toit	472 515	349 653
Annual Remuneration	200 837	177 014
Travelling, car and other allowances	23 988	17 952
Celiphone and Data	697 340	544 619
Total		
Remuneration of the member of the EMC - Mr A Franken	442 982	327 80
Annual Remuneration	187 186	154 15
Travelling, car and other allowances	23 38B	17 95
Cellphone and Data	653 557	499 90
Total		
Remuneration of the member of the EMC - Mr IM Sileku	260 721	196 68
Annual Remuneration	110 629	74 97
Travelling , car and other allowances	5 787	6 75
Cellphone and Data  Total	377 137	278 41
Remuneration of the member of the EMC - Mr KJ Tiemie	260 721	196 68
Annual Remuneration	118 829	96 5
Travelling , car and other allowances Cellphone and Data	5 787	6.7
Total	385 337	300 0
Remuneration of the member of the EMC - Mr LD Oosthuizen		180 2
Annual Remuneration	25 903	84 5
Annual Remulation Travelling , car and other allowances	1 380	12 8
Cellphone and Data	27 283	277 7
Total		
Remuneration of other Councilors	1 128 672	704 6
Annual Remuneration	414 951	292 (
Travelling , car and other allowances	135 357	55 3
Cellphone and Dala	40 141	47 2
Contributions to Medical, Pension Funds		1 099
the state of the s	1 719 121	1 023

23	DEBT IMPAIRMENT		2014 R	2013 R
	Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 15 Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 16		61 095 269 232	
	Total Contribution to Debt Impairment		330 327	753 019
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 28,06		330 321	753 019
	, is to 15 to 25, 50			753 019
24	DEPOSE		=	753 019
24	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION			
	Property, Plant and Equipment Landfill Site Intangible Assets		1 992 111 56 827 68 083 2 117 020	2 317 809 56 697 62 367 2 436 873
25	IMPAIRMENTS			
	Landfill Site Property, Plant and Equipment		(3 755) 539 626	9 992 -
			535 871	9 992
	Landfill Site impairments for the year 2012/13 Landfill Site reversal of impairments for the year 2013/14	9 992 (3 755)		



		2014 R	2013 R
26	FINANCE CHARGES		075
		167 369	240 073 66 059
	Long-term Liabilities	65 927	566 494
	Finance leases	627 931	519 837
	Landfill Site		318 037
	SARS audit	861 226	1 392 464
	Total finance charges		<del></del>
27	GENERAL EXPENSES		
		2 187 235	1 712 487
	Audit Fees	51 <del>6</del> 35	64 437
	Bank Charges	375 877	343 866
	Blades	367 104	321 612
	Burning Fuel	87 940	68 464
	Cleaning materials	28 355	1 050 749
	Equipment rental	8 930 942	8 139 182
	Fuel Cost	516 927	457 944
	Insurance	574 249	71 236
	Legal Cost	444 637	418 065
	Membership Fees	- F	429 730
	Balance Previously Reported	- [	(11 665)
	Correction of error - Refer to Note 28.07	4 117 442	4 131 B38
	Municipal services	182 060	153 895
	Oil	329 811	160 075
	Printing and stationery	2 887 231	2 965 178
	Professional Fees	411 513	302 723
	Safety clothes	5 046	4 1B1
	Security services	475 451	533 315
	Standby Chopper	1 448 423	1 451 477
	Telephone	461 361	160 679
	Training	221 622	288 262
	Travel and subsistence	1 291 669	858 806
	Tyres	1 557 542	1 548 567
	Olher	26 954 071	25 227 039
	General Expenses	26 534 071	
			2013 R
			R
28	CORRECTION OF ERROR IN TERMS OF GRAP 3		

Certain errors were detected which relates to prior years and were also restated retrospectively. The effects of these restatements are listed below.

## 28.01 PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Balance previously reported Correction of Creditor not paid - Refer to Note 7

6 007 1 227 217

1 221 210

28.02	UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS	2013 R
	Balance previously reported Correction of Creditor not paid - Refer to Note 8	10 951 310
		(6 007)
		10 945 303
28.03	RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	
	Balance previously reported	
	Correction of SALGA Membership Fees - Refer to Note 15 Correction of Provincial Health Function transferred to Resolvables (cont.)	<b>439 560</b> 11 665
	Correction of Provincial Health Function transferred to Receivables from Non Exchange transactions - Refer to Note 15	(9 063)
		442 162
28.04	RECEIVABLES FROM NON EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	***************************************
	Balance previously reported	
	Correction of Provincial Health Function transferred from Receivables from Exchange transactions - Refer to Note 16	1 448 158 9 063
		1 457 221
28.05	OTHER INCOME	1 437 221
	Balance previously reported	3 675 127
	Correction of Other Income due to incorrect offsetting of Debt Impairment on Receivables - Refer to Note 20	753 019
		4 428 147
28.06	DEBT IMPAIRMENT	
	Balance previously reported	
	Correction of Debt Impairment on Receivables incorrectly included under Other Revenue - Refer to Note 23	752.040
		753 019
28,07	REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	753 019
	Balance previously reported  Reclassification of Employee Poleted Contains Provident	20 040 801
	Reclassification of Employee Related Costs from Repairs and Maintenance of Roads - Refer to Note 21 Correction of Creditor not paid - Refer to Note 7	(12 570 495)
		6 007
28.08	CENEDAL EXPENSE.	7 476 313
20,08	GENERAL EXPENSES	
	Balance previously reported	24 537 151
	Correction of SALGA Membership Fees - Refer to Note 27	(11 665)
		24 525 487
28.09	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	<del></del>
	Balance previously reported	
	Correction of Assets - First time recognition on 20, lynn 2045 - Parameter and the contraction of Assets - First time recognition on 20, lynn 2045 - Parameter and the contraction of Assets - First time recognition on 20, lynn 2045 - Parameter and the contraction of Assets - First time recognition on 20, lynn 2045 - Parameter and the contraction of Assets - First time recognition on 20, lynn 2045 - Parameter and the contraction of Assets - First time recognition on 20, lynn 2045 - Parameter and the contraction of Assets - First time recognition on 20, lynn 2045 - Parameter and the contraction of Assets - First time recognition on 20, lynn 2045 - Parameter and the contraction of Assets - Paramet	40 227 342
	Correction of Depreciation - Assets first time recognised on 30 June 2012 - Refer to Note 10  Correction of Assets - Disposal of lease assets returned on 20 June 2018 - Refer to Note 10	524 002 (232 715)
	Correction of Depreciation - Calculated for 5 years in stead of 3 years on 30 June 2012 - Refer to Note 10	(2 719 508)
		2 542 038
28.10	ACCIBALL ATED DEPLOY	40 341 158
20.10	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	
	Balance previously reported	23 276 498
	Correction of Assets - Incorrectly treated as assets held for sale on 30 June 2012 - Refer to Note 10 Correction of Assets - First time recognised on 30 June 2012 - Refer to Note 10	25 498
	Correction of Depreciation - Assets first time recognised on 30 June 2012 - Refer to Note 10 Correction of Assets - Disposal of lease assets returned on 30 June 2012 - Refer to Note 10 Correction of Depreciation - Control	(524 002) 232 715
	Correction of Depreciation - Calculated for 5 years in stead of 3 years on 30 June 2012 - Refer to Note 10	2 719 508
	Total to Helia ID	(2 542 038)
		23 188 179



			2013 R
29	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE		
	n e de contrarantes		1 959 913
	Balance previously reported  Correction of SALGA Membership Fees on 30 June 2013 - Refer to Note 28.08		11 665 6 007
	Correction of SALGA Membership rees on 30 data as 17 Correction of Grants and Subsidies (Revenue from Exchange Iransactions) - Refer to Note 18		(6 007)
	a		(0.557)
	Reclassification of Employee Related Costs from Repairs and Maintenance of Roads	<del></del>	
			12 570 495
	Effect on Employee Related Costs - Refer to Note 21 Effect on Repairs and Maintenance - Refer to Note 28.07	L_	(12 570 495)
	Correction of Health Subsidy incorrectly included under Revenue from Exchange Transactions	<u></u>	102 894
	Effect on Revenue from Non-Exchange transactions - Refer to Note 18 Effect on Revenue from Exchange transactions - Refer to Note 18		(102 894)
	Operating grant expenditure incorrectly not disclosed in line with the nature of the item		(2 031 226)
	Effect on Other Operating Grant Expenditure	ļ	1 023 700
	Effect on Employee Related Costs		305 974
	Effect on Repairs and Maintenance		701 552
	Effect on General Expenses	-	
	Correction of Debt Impairment on Receivables incorrectly included under Other Revenue	I	753 019
	Effect on Other Revenue - Refer to Note 20	Į	(753 019)
	Effect on Debt Impairment - Refer to Note 23	L_	1 971 577
	Total	=	<del></del>
		2014 R	2013 R
	RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR AND CASH		
30	GENERATED (ABSORBED) BY OPERATIONS		
	GENERATEDI(ADSORDED) DT OF ELOTTO	(n +75 070)	1 971 577
	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(2 475 279)	1311311
	·		
	Adjustments for:	2 048 938	2 374 506 62 367
	Depreciation Amortisation of Intangible Assets	68 083	641 213
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(407 482)	(616 292)
		330 327	753 019
	Debt Impairment	(733 27B)	(135 669)
	Bad debts written off	113 706	93 963
	Contribution to bonuses	442 749	217 098 5 637 204
	Contribution to staff leave Contribution from/to employee benefits	5 828 465 627 931	566 494
	University of Interest on Provision for Landill Sites	(2 755 283)	(2 658 170)
	Non-current Employee benefits - expenditure incurred	459 867	(741 B51)
	Actuarial Losses / ( Gains )	-	15 310
	Fair Value losses	535 871	9 992
	Net Impairment written off Reversat of debt impairment	99 574 466	(3 879 554) 97 397 982
	Grants Received	(101 746 205)	(88 334 076)
	Grants Expenditure	(101 ) 10 2257	(42 288)
	Cair Value nains	-	48 224
	Interest received (Directly attributed to funds)		(237 000)
	Grants repaid to National Treasury	1 912 875	13 144 049
	Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before changes in working capital	1 323 982	1 340 434
	Changes in working capital	1 042 797	(627 147)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables	(64 587)	(1 784 208)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Taxes	(114 559)	73 352
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory (Increase)/Decrease in Trade and other receivables	460 331	3 678 437
		3 236 857	14 484 483
	Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations		
31	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:	7 663 836	_
	Call Investments Deposits - Note 17	7 693 030 3 950	3 950
	Cash Floats - Note 17	7 012 571	12 483 278
	Bank - Note 17		12 487 228
	Total cash and cash equivalents	14 709 550	12 104 21
	(Abb) and ( and )		

100 100

32	RECONCILIATION OF AVAILABLE CASH AND INV	ESTMENT RES	SOURCES		2014 R	2013 R
	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Note 31				14 709 550	12 487 228
	Less:				14 709 550 8 773 564	12 487 228 10 945 303
	Unspent Committed Conditional Grants - Note 8				8 773 564	10 945 303
	Resources available for working capital requireme	nts			5 935 986	
33	UTILISATION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES RECON				0 330 380	1 541 925
	Long-term Liabilities - Note 2 Used to finance property, plant and equipment - at cost				2 261 755 (2 261 755)	2 767 645 (2 767 645)
	Cash set aside for the repayment of long-term liabilities	į			-	-
	Cash invested for repayment of long-term liabilities	;				-
	Long-term liabilities have been utilized in accordance w Management Act.	ith the Municip	al Finance			<u> </u>
34	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND W	ASTEFUL EX	PENDITURE DISALLO	IWED		
34.1	Unauthorised expenditure					
	Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure:					
	Opening balance				139 820	7 36B 470
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - capital Unauthorised expenditure current year - operating					139 820
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - Conditions	l grants utilised	i for operating expendit	ure	-	
	written on by council				(139 820)	(7 368 470)
	Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation					139 820
	Incident	(Dississing				
	Over expenditure on votes	None	steps/criminal proced	edings		
			2014	2014	2014	2014
	the desired of		R (Actual)	R (Budget)	R (Variance)	R
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - operating		,	(9-4	(variance)	(Unauthorised)
	Municipal Manager Management Services		11 483 100	11 810 279	(327 179)	_
	Community & Technical Services		20 479 922 90 478 154	21 673 020 94 709 390	(1 193 098)	-
			122 441 176	128 192 689	(4 231 236) (5 751 513)	
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - capital		2014			
			2014 R	2014 R	2014 R	2014 R
			(Actual)	(Budget)	(Variance)	(Unauthorised)
	Municipal Manager Management Services		7 548	10 000	(2 452)	-
	Community & Technical Services		474 968 1 636 850	552 100 2 148 260	(77 132)	-
	·		2 119 367	2 710 360	(511 418)	
			2 110 001	Z 1 10 300	(590 994)	



34.2	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure		2014 R	2013 R
	Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expenditure:			4 074 455
	Opening balance		- 291	1 921 156
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure current year		-	(1 728 056)
	Written off by council Transfer to receivables for recovery		-	(193 100)
		action	291	-
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure awaiting further a		<del></del>	
	Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedings		
	After the Election on 5 March 2006 a new Council was elected. The Council decided to end the contract of the			
	Municipal Manager that was valid until November			1 637 104
	2007 Cost paid to the Municipal Manager.	None.		1 637 104
	Labour dispute - Me W Meyer vs ODM, Compensation	Monies to be recovered from Mr G W Hermanus		180 000
	to be paid to Me W Meyer.	None.		17 872
	Suspension of Mr G W Hermanus. W Smuts - Settlement for prematurely ending his			73 080
	employment contract after a disciplinary process	None.		10.000
	W Pekeur - Reimbursement for removal costs, due to	Manies to be recovered from Mr G W Hermanus		13 100
	the wrongdoing of an acting Municipal Manager.	Monies to be recovered from Mil & W Termanus		
	Interest charged by SARS on the late payment of	None.	291	
	October 2013 VAT return		291	1 921 156
34.3	irregular expenditure			
44,5				
	Reconciliation of irregular expenditure:		2 988 016	14 302 138
	Opening balance		2 801 226	51 620
	Irregular expenditure identified in the current year		(2 936 396)	(10 650 293)
	Written off by council To be recovered		- (504 777)	(57 000) (658 449)
	Written off by council		(581 777)	
	Irregular expenditure awailing further action		2 271 068	2 988 016
	tregular expenditure awaiting condonement by Na	tional Treasury.(Taken out in current year due to	-	14 302 138
	non condonement)	110110110110110110110110110110110110110		
	Hot Caracitation	1 Laborations	1	
	Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedings		
	The municipal accounts of two suppliers were		i	
	not inspected before the tenders were awarded.	None	74 509	
	The decleration of interest documents of four			
	winning bidders were not submitted.	None	107 523	
	The municipal accounts of one supplier were not			
	inspected and the decleration of interest not	N	37 620	
	submitted	None	1	
	Irregular expenditure identified during audit process and not yet corrected in the financial			
	statements (declerations not submitted and		1	
	municipal accounts not obtained).	None	1 950 465	
	A director of one supplier is in the service of the			
	state.	None	49 331	51 620
	Three quotations not obtained.	None	322 555 253 718	
	Business with people in service of the state.	None	5 504	
	Payment in advance.	None	<u> </u>	51 620
			2 801 226	57 620

The District Municipality is investigating the full population of awards to determine the exact amount of irregular expenditure.

### 34.4 Other Non-Compliance

- The municipality did not adhere to the provisions of section 165(2)(b) of the MFMA that requires an
  adequately resourced internal audit unit that executes its plan in an effective and timely manner.
- The municipality did not comply with section 63 (2) (a) and (c) of the MFMA. The municipality did not take
  all reasonable steps to ensure that the municipality maintains a management, accounting system for the
  assets of the municipality.



35	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT	2014 R	2013 R
35.1	Contributions to organised local government - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)] - SALGA CONTRIBUTIONS		
	Opening balance Council subscriptions Amount paid - current year	444 637	4 205 429 730
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	(444 637)	(433 935)
35.2	Audit fees - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance Current year audit fee		-
	External Audit - Auditor-General	2 187 235	1 712 487
	Amount paid - current year	2 187 235 (2 187 235)	1 712 487
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	(2 157 233)	(1 712 487)
35,3	VAT - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance Amounts received - current year	(137 776)	(65 092)
	Amounts claimed - current year	515 682	64B 151
	Closing balance - Receivable	(525 290)	(720 B34)
	Vat in suspense due to cash basis of accounting	(147 304)	(137 776)
	Input VAT Output VAT	(51 868)	<u> </u>
	Receivable	(199 251)	(134 665)
35.4	VAT is payable/receivable on the cash basis. VAT is only paid over to SARS once cash is received from debtors and only claimed from SARS once payment is made to creditors.  PAYE, SDL and UIF - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]  Opening balance		
	Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions Amount paid - current year	8 241 434 (8 241 434)	6 676 650
	Balance unpaid (Included in creditors)	(6 241 434)	(6 676 650)
35,5	Pension and Medical Aid Deductions - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]	<del></del>	
	Opening balance Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions Amount paid - current year	16 978 67B	- 13 530 421
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	(16 978 678)	(13 530 421)
35,6	Quotations awarded - Supply Chain Management		
	Deviations from the Supply Chain Management Regulations were identified on the following categories:		
	Deviations per type - 3 Quotes not obtained		
		1 360 624	1 884 202
	Devictions and financial and	1 360 624	1 884 202
	Deviations per financial category - Between R 0 and R 2 000		
	- Between R 2 000 and R 10 000 - Between R 10 000 and R 30 000	3 227 408 626	1 563 305 169
	- Between R 30 000 and R 200 000	441 300	379 778
	- Above R 200 000	507 470	560 342 637 350
		1 350 624	1 884 202



2014 2013 R R

### 36 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The activities of the municipality expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (comprising fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The municipality's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the municipality's financial performance.

#### (a) Foreign Exchange Currency Risk

The municipality does not engage in foreign currency transactions.

#### (b) Price risk

The municipality is not exposed to price risk.

#### (c) Interest Rate Risk

As the municipality has significant interest-bearing liabilities, the entity's income and operating cash flows are substantially dependent on changes in market interest rates.

The municipality analyses its potential exposure to interest rate changes on a continuous basis. Different scenarios are simulated which include refinancing, renewal of current positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on these scenarios, the entity calculates the impact that a change in interest rates will have on the surplus/deficit for the year. These scenarios are only simulated for liabilities which constitute the majority of interest bearing liabilities.

The municipality did not hedge against any interest rate risks during the current year.	2014 R	2013 R
The potential impact on the entity's surplus/deficit for the year due to changes in interest rates were as follows:		
1% (2013 - 0.5%) Increase in interest rates 0% (2013 - 0.5%) Decrease in interest rates	46 051 -	12 524 (12 524)

#### (d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial or non-financial asset will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the municipality to incur a financial loss.

Credit risk consist mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and unpaid conditional grants and subsidies.

Trade and other debtors are disclosed net after provisions are made for impairment and bad debts. Trade debtors comprise of a large number of ratepayers, dispersed across different sectors and geographical areas. On going credit evaluations are performed on the financial condition of these debtors. Credit risk pertaining to trade and other debtors is considered to be moderate due the diversified nature of debtors and immaterial nature of individual balances. In the case of consumer debtors the municipality effectively has the right to terminate services to customers but in practice this is difficult to apply. In the case of debtors whose accounts become in arrears, Council endeavours to collect such accounts by "levying of penalty charges", "demand for payment", "restriction of services" and, as a last resort, "handed over for collection", whichever procedure is applicable in terms of Council's Credit Control and Debt Collection Proficy.

The entity only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing. The banks utilised by the municipality are all listed on the JSE. The credit quality of these institutions are evaluated based on their required SENS releases as well as other media reports. Based on all public communications, the financial sustainability is evaluated to be of high quality and the credit risk pertaining to these institutions are considered to be low.

No cash and cash equivalents were pledged as security for financial liabilities and no restrictions were placed on the use of any cash and cash equivalents for the period under review. Although the credit risk pertaining to cash and cash equivalents are considered to be low, the maximum exposures are disclosed below.

The risk pertaining to unpaid conditional grants and subsidies are considered to be very low. Amounts are receivable from national and provincial government and there are no expectation of counter party default.

Receivables are individually evaluated annually at Balance Sheet date for impairment.

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Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end are as follows:	2014 R	2013 R
Receivables from exchange transactions Receivables from non-exchange transactions Cash and Cash Equivalents	501 432 1 340 572 14 709 550	442 162 1 457 221 12 487 228
A Liquidity Birty	16 551 554	14 386 611

#### (e) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under credit lines.

The entity's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The entity manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

The table below analyses the entity's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

2014	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
Long Term liabilities	928 686	1 583 989	108 436	
Capilal repayments Interest	782 765 146 121	1 375 485 208 504	103 505 4 931	
Provisions Landfill Sites	<u> </u>	200 004	4 931	87 536 022
Capital repayments Interest				7 838 715 79 697 307
Payables from exchange transactions Unspent conditional government grants and receipts	1 230 274 8 773 564	<del>-</del>	-	-
	10 932 724	1 583 989	108 436	87 536 022
	t	Between 1 and	Between 5 and	
2013	Less than 1 year	5 years	10 years	Over 10 Years
Long Term liabilities	1 090 460	5 years 1 868 148	10 years 325 309	Over 10 Years
	•	1 868 148 1 579 403	325 309 296 754	Over 10 Years
Long Term liabilities  Capital repayments Interest  Provisions Landfill Sites	1 090 460 891 489	1 868 148	325 309	
Long Term liabilities Capital repayments Interest	1 090 460 891 488 198 971	1 868 148 1 579 403	325 309 296 754	76 814 797 7 210 784
Interest Provisions Landfill Sites Capital repayments	1 090 460 891 488 198 971	1 868 148 1 579 403	325 309 296 754	- - - 76 814 797



			2014 R	2013 R
7	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	- A		
	Financial instruments of the municipality are classifi			
	The fair value of financial instruments approximates	s the amortised costs as reflected bellow.		
37.1	Financial Assets	Classification		
	Investments Unlisted and listed Investments	Financial instruments at amortised cost	-	•
	Receivables Receivables from exchange transactions Receivables from non-exchange fransactions	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	113 840 1 340 572	79 155 1 457 221
	Short-term Investment Deposits Cell Deposits	Financial instruments at amortised cost	7 693 030	*
	Bank Balances and Cash Bank Balances Cash Floats and Advances	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	7 012 571 3 950	12 483 278 3 950
	Design total and the second		16 163 962	14 023 604
	SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS		16 163 962	14 023 604
	Financial instruments at amortised cost		16 163 962	14 023 604
	At amortised cost			
37.2	Financial Liability	Classification		
	Long-term Liabilities Annuity Loans Capitalised Lease Liability Non-Current Provisions - Landfill Siles	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	779 945 699 045 7 838 715	1 235 231 640 926 7 210 784
	Payables from exchange transactions Trade Creditors Sundry Deposits Other	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	632 211 30 735 124 753	614 890 41 270 103 036
	Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities Annuity Loans Capitalised Lease Liability	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	455 287 327 478	723 069 168 419
			10 888 169	10 737 625
	SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL LIABILITY		10 886 169	10 737 625
	Financial instruments at amortised cost		10 200 103	
38	EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE			
	The municipality has no events after reporting d	ate during the financial year ended 2013/2014.		
39	IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE			
		etions or essistance during the year under review.		

The municipality did not receive any in-kind donations or assistance during the year under review.

40 PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS

37

Council has not entered into any private public partnerships during the financial year.

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41 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

2014 R

2013

Pending claim relating to a labour dispute with an employee

A former employee whose services were terminated and who was held responsible for recovery of legal costs, lodged a claim egainst the municipality to withdraw his termination and at the same time not be held responsible for the recovery of the legal costs. No definite costs that may be incurred could be determined.

Another employee whose services were terminated was held responsible for recovery of costs incurred during his term at the municipality. He lodged a claim against the municipality that all outstanding amounts be written off. No definite costs that may be incurred could be determined.

During the previous financial year a disciplinary hearing against the previous Municipal Manager resulted in a settlement agreement between the Municipal Manager and the Council that was signed by both parties during November 2013. The agreement was settled during the year under review. The former employee lodged a further claim against the municipality for the payment of accrued leave.

70 918

369 364

The remuneration increase for Councillors was rejected by the provincial MEC for local government. The Councillors are still negotiating with the MEC to get their increase approved. If the consent of the MEC could be obtained back pay for the 2012/13 financial year will be paid. The matter was resolved during the year under review.

425 750

#### 42 RELATED PARTIES

Key Management and Councillors receive and pay for services on the same terms and conditions as other ratepayers / residents.

The rates, service charges and other charges are in accordance with approved tariffs that were advertised to the public. No bad debt expenses have been recognised in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

### 42.1 Related Party Loans

Since 1 July 2004 loans to councillors and senior management employees are not permitted.

### 42.2 Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation of key management personnel is set out in note 21 to the Annual Financial Statements.

### 42.3 Other related party transactions

The following purchases were made during the year where Councillors or staff have an interest:

None

### 45 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

The definition of a going concern is that there is no reason to believe that an institution will have to close down or be liquidated within 12 months after the reporting date. The financial statements for this municipality has been prepared, as indicated in the accounting policy, on a going concern assumption as allocations of equitable share have been promulgated in the Division of Revenue Act for the three financial years following after the reporting date.

The financial results however may indicate that the going concern assumption of this municipality may be in serious doubt. The amounts promulgated in the DORA have a serious impact on the level of services that this municipality can render and it may well raise doubt about the future financial sustainability of this municipality and may cause serious health and other risks regarding service delivery to the communities within the jurisdiction of this municipality.

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# APPENDIX A OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS AS AT 30 JUNE 2014

EXTERNAL LOANS	Rate	Loan Number	Redeemable	Balance at 30 JUNE 2013	Correction	Balance at 30 JUNE 2013 Restated	Received during the period	Redeemed written off during the period	Balance at 30 JUNE 2014
ANNUITY LOANS INCA INCA Total Annuity Loans	9.30% 9.45%		31/12/2014 31/12/2019	922 966 1 035 334 1 958 300	-	922 966 1 035 334 1 958 300	-	501 266 121 804 <b>723 069</b>	
LEASE LIABILITY Vehicles and Equipment				809 345	-	809 345	515 244	298 065 298 065	
Total Lease Liabilities			1	809 345	-	809 345	515 244	230 000	
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS				2 767 645	•	2 767 645	515 244	1 021 134	2 261 755



# APPENDIX B OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014 MUNICIPAL VOTES CLASSIFICATION

2013	2013	2013				
Actual	Actual	Surplus/		2014	2014	2014
Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)		Actual	Actual	Surplus/
∥ R	R	R		Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)
				R	R	R
4 491 439	(5 923 860)	(1 432 421)	Council Expenditure	4 50% 549		
_	(1 189 338)	(1 189 338)	Executive Services	4 505 517	(7 462 932)	1
Ĭ -	(863 767)	(863 767)		-	(2 119 043)	1
-	(833 611)		Record Management	-	(1 066 234)	1
-	(3 361 629)	(3 361 629)	Administration	-	(873 920)	\/
- 1	(501 923)	(501 923)	Audit	-	(2 871 381)	1 1
-	(1 425 262)		Human Resources	-	(834 891)	
- 1	(1 792 648)	(1 792 648)	Supply Chain Management	-	(1 226 815)	(
-	(3 272 982)	(3 272 982)	Finance Inc Exp & It	-	(1 916 823)	
-	(439 717)	(439 717)	Performance Management	-	(3 668 891)	(
15 142	(472 501)	(457 359)	Buildings	16 302	(486 675)	
5 194 627	(5 253 260)		Financial Services	1 878 009	(696 103)	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
-	(1 106 649)	(1 106 649)		1 0/0 009	(3 662 687)	
46 023 929	(2 097 929)	43 926 000	Grants Ex Nat Government	48 894 412	(962 540)	\
7 226	(7 226)	-	Grants Ex Prov Government	865 234	(2 187 582)	
1 007 578	(848 218)	159 360	Fin Man Grant	1 250 000	(561 849)	
122 857	(14 337 590)	(14 214 733)	Fire Brigade	123 084	(1 250 000)	
- 1	(333 894)	(333 894)		123 004	(16 005 083)	(
67 874	(9 822 327)	(9 754 453)	Municipal Health	44 053	(357 236)	
11 259	(86)	11 172	Velapi Hostel	1 142	(10 120 766)	(10 076 713)
-	(879 272)	(879 272)	Environmental Management	1 142	(1 181 335)	1 142
	(40 871)	(40 871)	Engineering Services	_	(29 779)	(1 181 335)
15 784	(1 897 177)	(1 881 393)	Karwyderskraal	11 255	(1 480 382)	(29 779)
	(1 235)	(1 235)	Buffeljachtsbaai	11,200	(1 400 302)	(1 469 127)
1 569 226	(2 559 623)	(990 397)	Dennehof	643 121	(1 707 367)	(4.004.040)
2 125 204	(1 402 905)	722 298	Die Dam	2 308 081	(1 760 272)	(1 064 246)
8 170 610	(6 225 302)	1 945 308	Uilenkraalsmond	8 489 371	(7 056 209)	547 810
39 627	-	39 627	Outspans & Public Places	41 933	(7 030 209)	1 433 162
102 894	(102 894)	-	Comprehensive Health	114 655	(114 655)	41 933
41 370 141	(41 370 141)	-	Roads - Main & Divisional	50 779 726	(50 779 726)	-
110 335 415	(108 363 838)	1 971 577	Sub Total	119 965 896		/0.475.0
-	-	_		119 909 990	(122 441 176)	(2 475 279)
110 335 415	(108 363 838)	1 971 577	Total	-	-	
		19/19//	l Vidi	119 965 896	(122 441 176)	(2 475 279)



# APPENDIX C OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014 GENERAL FINANCE STATISTIC CLASSIFICATIONS

2013	2013	2013		2014	2014	2014
Actual	Actual	Surplus/		Actual	Actual	Surplus/
Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)		Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)
R	R	R		R	R	R
50 522 593 15 142 6 202 205 102 894 122 857 11 904 666 79 133 15 784 41 370 141	(10 584 042) (6 532 720) (11 167 109) (1 147 520) (102 894) (14 671 485) (10 189 064) (10 701 686) (1 897 177) (41 370 141)	(6 517 578) (4 964 904) (1 147 520) (14 548 628) 1 715 602 (10 622 553) (1 881 393)	Planning & Development Health Public Safety Sport & Recreation Environmental Protection	54 265 163 16 302 3 128 009 114 655 123 084 11 482 507 45 195 11 255 50 779 726	(14 232 531) (6 154 895) (10 498 401) (992 319) (114 655) (16 362 319) (10 523 848) (11 302 100) (1 480 382) (50 779 726)	(992 319) - (16 239 235) 958 659 (11 256 906) (1 469 127)



# APPENDIX D OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY DISCLOSURES OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF MFMA, 56 OF 2003

Grant Description	Balance 30 JUNE 2013	Correction of error	Balance 1 JULY 2013	Grants Received	interest Received	Operating Expenditure during the year Transferred	Capital Expenditure during the year Transferred	Re - allocation of Grants	Balance 30 JUNE 201
UNSPENT AND UNPAID GOVERNMENT GRANT	S AND RECEIPTS		<del></del>			to Revenue	to Revenue		
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
National Government Grants								r,	R
Equitable Share									
Local Government Financial Management Grant	i -i	-1	- [	46 637 000		45 637 000			
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	! []	-]	-	1 250 000		1 250 000	_ [		-
Total National Government Grants			<u>-</u>	890 000		820 170	69 B30	_	-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	48 777 000		48 707 170	69 830		
Provincial Government Grants							03 030	·	
Napler Tourism Office									
cal Economic Development	1 486	-1	1 466						
Von - motorised Transport	21 665	-	21 665	-		ļ		1 486	-
Coastal Management Programme	7 356	- ]	7 356			ľ	Ī	21 665	-
SETA Training Fund	897 836	-[	697 836			444.004		7 356	-
Durism Routes	734 461	-	734 461	80 019		114 161	ļ		783 67
luman Rights Programme	62 562	- }	62 562	05 015		367 412	ſ		447 D6
ogelberg Biosphere	103 062	-	103 062					62 562	
reede River Spalial Development Framework	26 425	-1	26 425	1	]	50 000	1	ĺ	53 05
ourism Workshops	14 536	- {	14 536				ĺ	26 425	
ourism Projects	20 755	-	20 755					14 536	
Ousing Training	117 265	- J	117 265	1			,	20 755	-
DW Funds	228 025	-1	228 025			14 330	i	11 319	91 613
Icohol Abuse	6 292	-	5 292					228 025	
arwyderskraal	579	- }	579	i	ł	1	1	5 292	-
port and Recreation Facilities	250 000	-	250 000					579	-
PWP Grant								i	250 000
oad Subsidy	-	-1	-	1 000 000	i	96 615	303 385	(400 000)	-
ealth Subsidy	8 160 004	(6 007)	B 153 997	48 530 425		1 000 000		7	_
unicipal Finance Improvement Programme		1	<u> </u>	114 655		50 621 904		1	6 062 516
ffice Upgrading and Maintenance	,	1		914 976	ĺ	114 655	1		
sk Management			ĺ	57 392	l	220 954		1	694 022
_	300 000		300 000	100 000	l	65 789	1	1	57 392
otal Provincial Government Grants	10 951 310	(6 007)	10 945 303	50 797 466				·	334 211
				20,121,400		52 665 820	303 385		8 773 564
eta! -	10 951 310	(6 007)	10 945 303	99 574 466					
=				73 514 459	•	101 372 990	373 215		B 773 564

